三氧化二砷(As2O3)对蚕豆根尖微核率和果蝇发生量的影响

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摘要 目的: 研究不同浓度As2O3对蚕豆胚根根尖微核率和果蝇发生量的影响作用。 方法: 以蚕豆根尖和果蝇为实验对象,均用不同浓度As2O3处理,采用蚕豆胚根根尖微核实验和果蝇培养实验。 结果: 不同浓度 As2O3可使蚕豆根尖细胞微核率和果蝇发生量明显上升。 结论: 三氧化二砷(As2O3)对蚕豆根尖具有明显的毒性效应;在一定条件下,对果蝇发生量有促进作用。

关键词 As2O3; 微核率; 果蝇发生量

EFFECT OF As2O3 ON THE RATE OF MICRONULEUS OF VICIA FABA ROOT TIP CELLS AND REPRODUCTION QUANTITY OF FRUIT FLY

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Abstract Purpose: In this study Vicia faba root tip and fruit flies were used as experimental subjects, effects of different concentrations of As2O3 on the micronuleus frequency of vicia faba root tip cells and reproduction quantity of fruit flies were studied. Methods: The micronuleus test of vicia faba root tip cells and culture of fruit flies were performed. Results: The different concentrations of As2O3 can induce high frequency of micronucleus and increase reproduction quantity of fruit flies. Conclusion: The results showed that As2O3 has cytogenetic toxic effect on the root tip cells of Vicia faba, and has accelerating effect of reproduction quantity of fruit flies.

Keywords arsenic trioxide micronucleus frequency reproduction quantity of fruit flies

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