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基于神经网络的智能复合材料损伤评估系统

陶云刚, 陶宝祺

南京航空航天大学测试工程系, 南京, 210016

SMART COMPOSITE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM BASED ON THE NEURAL NETWORK

Tao Yungang, Tao Baoqi

Department of Test Engineering, Nanjing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Nanjing, 210016

摘要

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摘要 介绍了一种复合材料损伤评估的新系统。该系统由埋入光纤传感器阵列、形状记忆合金丝和Kohonen 自组织神经网络处理器组成。由埋入光纤传感器阵列实现对材料损伤的检测,神经网络由TMS320C25 高速并行处理器和IBMPC/386 组成的高速并行分布处理器进行模拟,实现传感器输出信号的实时处理,并产生相应的控制信号激励形状记忆合金丝(SMA),以改变材料的应力状态,延缓材料的破坏。

关键词: 神经网络 复合材料 破坏程度评估

Abstract: A novel approach is introduced for composite damage assessment. The system consists of an embedded fiberoptic sensor array, Shape Memory Alloy(SMA) and Kohonen Self-Organizing Maps(SOM) neural network processor. The fiberoptic sensor array embedded in the composite structure can be used to detect the damages in the composite. The neural network is simulated by high speed Parallel Distributed Processing(PDP) which consists of TMS320C25 high speed processor and IBM PC/386 computer, deals with the output signals of sensors on time, and controls and actuates the shape memory alloy wires to change the strain state of the composite, So that, the damage of composite will be delayed.

Keywords: neural nets composites damage assessment

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