

学术论文**带肋方钢管混凝土轴压短柱试验研究及有限元分析**黄宏¹, 张安哥¹, 李毅², 陈梦成¹

1.华东交通大学 土木建筑学院, 江西南昌 330013; 2.福州大学 土木工程学院, 福建福州 350108

摘要:

以方钢管宽厚比和加劲肋高厚比为主要变化参数,进行了14个带肋方钢管混凝土轴压短柱试验研究;同时采用有限元软件ABAQUS对带肋方钢管混凝土轴压短柱的荷载-变形关系进行了计算,计算结果与试验结果吻合良好。同时从应力-应变关系、核心混凝土和钢管的纵向应力分布及其相互作用等方面对比分析了无肋、单肋和双肋方钢管混凝土轴压短柱的受力性能。分析结果表明:设置加劲肋不仅提高了核心混凝土的纵向应力,而且明显减小了钢管管壁的拉应力区范围,改善了管壁的稳定性;带肋试件的约束作用主要集中在钢管角部和加劲肋处,随着每边加劲肋数量的增加,角部约束力明显增大。图13表1参11

关键词: 带肋方钢管混凝土 轴压 静力试验 有限元分析 受力性能

Experimental research and finite element analysis on mechanical performance of concrete-filled stiffened square steel tubular stub columns subjected to axial compression

HUANG Hong¹, ZHANG Ange¹, LI Yi², CHEN Mengcheng¹

1.College of Civil Engineering and Architecture, East China Jiaotong University, Nanchang 330013, China; 2.College of Civil Engineering, Fuzhou University, Fuzhou 350108, China

Abstract:

Fourteen specimens were tested under axial compression to investigate the behavior of concrete-filled stiffened square steel tubular stub columns. The stiffening effect was achieved by welding longitudinal stiffeners on the inside surfaces of the steel tubes. The main parameters varied in the test were width-thickness ratio of the steel tube and depth-thickness ratio of the stiffener. The load-deformation relationship curves of concrete-filled stiffened square steel tubular stub columns subjected to axial compression were analyzed using the finite element software ABAQUS. The analysis results were in good agreement with test results. On the basis of the experimentally verified reliability of the finite element model, mechanical behavior of the concrete-filled square steel tubular stub columns without reinforcing rib, with one reinforcing rib and with two reinforcing ribs were analyzed respectively and compared in terms of stress versus strain relationship curves, longitudinal stress distributions of steel tube and core concrete, and their interaction. The analysis results show that using stiffeners can result in the increase of maximum axial stress of core concrete and the tensile stress areas of steel tubes are decreased as a result of the welding stiffeners. The stability of steel tube is also improved. The confinement effect of concrete-filled stiffened square steel tubular stub columns is mainly developed at steel tube corners and the places where stiffeners were welded. And the confinement effect on steel tube corners can be enhanced with increased number of stiffeners. 11 Refs. In Chinese.

Keywords: concrete-filled stiffened square steel tubular columns axial compression static test finite element analysis mechanical performance

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

国家自然科学基金项目(51008122, 50968006)

通讯作者: 黄宏(1977—), 女, 江西樟树人, 工学博士, 副教授

作者简介:

作者Email: hhong@ecjtu.jx.cn

扩展功能
本文信息
▶ Supporting info
▶ PDF(OKB)
▶ [HTML全文]
▶ 参考文献[PDF]
▶ 参考文献
服务与反馈
▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
▶ 加入我的书架
▶ 加入引用管理器
▶ 引用本文
▶ Email Alert
▶ 文章反馈
▶ 浏览反馈信息
本文关键词相关文章
▶ 带肋方钢管混凝土
▶ 轴压
▶ 静力试验
▶ 有限元分析
▶ 受力性能
本文作者相关文章
PubMed

本刊中的类似文章

1. 郭彦林;窦超;.单层折面空间网格结构性能研究及设计[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(04): 19-30
2. 王帆;吴波;黄仕香;赵新宇;罗敏;隋庆海;.深圳大运中心体育馆铸钢节点构造选型和模型试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(04): 44-53
3. 刘永健;刘君平;张俊光;.主管内填混凝土矩形和圆形钢管桁架受弯性能对比试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(04): 86-93
4. 何益斌;肖阿林;郭健;周海兵;黄频;.钢骨-钢管自密实高强混凝土偏压柱力学性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(04): 102-109
5. 常鹏;姚谦峰;.密肋复合墙体受剪性能试验研究及弹塑性数值分析[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(04): 116-123
6. 荀勇;支正东;张勤;.织物增强混凝土薄板加固钢筋混凝土梁受弯性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(03): 70-76
7. 方萍;黄政宇;尚守平;张瑞文;.水泥基砂浆加固混凝土构件界面粘结强度的研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(03): 45-50
8. 陈俊岭;马人乐;何敏娟;.异型钢管塔柱承载力试验研究和有限元分析[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(03): 83-88
9. 李富民;袁迎曙;.腐蚀钢绞线预应力混凝土梁的受弯性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(02): 78-84
10. 张爱林;于劲;徐敏;刘显旺;刘会军;.低周反复荷载作用下十字形截面钢异形柱抗震性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(02): 11-19
11. 张爱林;于劲;徐敏;李健;刘会军;.低周反复荷载作用下T形截面钢异形柱抗震性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(02): 20-28
12. 石永久;熊俊;王元清;刘歌青;.多层钢框架偏心支撑的抗震性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(02): 29-34
13. 黄利锋;冯健;赵建;蔡建国;盛平;甄伟;陈强;沈婷;.内凹式索拱结构极限承载力研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(02): 41-47
14. 梁兴文;杨鹏辉;崔晓玲;邓明科;张兴虎;.带端柱高强混凝土剪力墙抗震性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(01): 23-32
15. 曹双寅;蔺新艳;敬登虎;黄凤霞;王艳芳;.外贴碳纤维布加固钢筋混凝土梁裂缝性能试验研究[J].建筑结构学报, 2010,31(01): 33-40