生物化学工程、制药、食品和天然产物加工

大孔离子交换树脂在重组大肠杆菌生产hEGF中的原位分离作用陈新爱,徐志南,范立梅,岑沛霖

浙江大学生命科学学院,浙江 杭州 310029;浙江大学生物工程研究所,浙江 杭州 310027 收稿日期 2003-4-4 修回日期 2003-12-8 网络版发布日期 2008-9-1 接受日期

摘要

关键词 原位分离 重组大肠杆菌 人表皮生长因子 离子交换树脂

分类号

# IN-SITU SEPARATION BY MACROSPORE-ANIONIC EXCHANGE RESIN DURING RECOMBINANT E. coli CULTIVATION FOR hEGF PRODUCTION

CHEN Xin' ai, XU Zhinan, FAN Limei, CEN Peilin

#### Abstract

Production and accumulation of toxic by-products such as acetic acid can inhibit the growth of recombinant cells and the expression of

exogenous gene in *E.coli*. An anionic exchange resin, A-D3-1, which is high in adsorption selectivity and capability for acetic acid, was screened from a variety of resins based on its physical and chemical properties. On the scale of shake flask culture, the addition of 1.0g resin per 30ml medium was insignificant for the cell growth, however, it could improve the hEGF expression significantly. The batch culture in 2.5L fermentor showed that *in-situ* adsorption of acetic acid by anionic exchange resin could enhance the expression level of interested protein and reduce the fermentation period by 2 hours. And up to 10% improvement of hEGF (human epidermal growth factor)volumetric productivity (225.0mg•L<sup>-1</sup>) could be achieved by supplementing 3.3g resin per 100ml medium.

**Key words** *in-situ* separation recombinant *E.coli* hEGF ion-exchange resin

DOI:

# 扩展功能

### 本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(384KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

# 服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶<u>文章反馈</u>
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

### 相关信息

▶ <u>本刊中 包含"原位分离"的</u> 相关文章

#### ▶本文作者相关文章

- · 陈新爱
- 徐志南
- 范立梅
- 岑沛霖

通讯作者 岑沛霖 cenpl@cmsce.zju.edu.cn