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航天诱变提高Streptomyces gilvosporeus的那他霉素产量

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摘要 Mutants of the strain producing natamycin, Streptomyces gilvosporeus, were obtained after space-flight mutation. With respect to the sand spores and slant spores, the mutation ratios were up to 67.6% and 78.3% and the survival ratio was 43.1% and 3.0%, respectively An improved mutant producing natamycin, S. gilvosporeus LK-45, was screened, which showed natamycin productivity of 1420mg• L-1. A mutant resistant to 2-deoxy glucose, S. gil-vosporeus LK-119, was further obtained using a rational screening procedure. The natamycin productivity of 1940mg•L-1 was achieved when glucose was used as the carbon source.

关键词 space-flight mutation Streptomyces gilvosporeus natamycin rational screening 2deoxy glucose

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Space-flight mutation of streptomyces gilvosporeus for enhancing natamycin production

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Abstract Mutants of the strain producing natamycin, Streptomyces gilvosporeus, were obtained after space-flight mutation. With respect to the sand spores and slant spores, the mutation ratios were up to 67.6% and 78.3% and the survival ratio was 43.1% and 3.0%, respectively. An improved mutant producing natamycin, S. gilvosporeus LK-45, was screened, which showed natamycin productivity of 1420mg •L-1. A mutant resistant to 2-deoxy glucose, S. gilvosporeus LK-119, was further obtained using a rational screening procedure. The natamycin productivity of 1940mg•L-1 was achieved when glucose was used as the carbon source.

Kev words

space-flight mutation; Streptomyces gilvosporeus; natamycin; rational screening; 2-deoxy glucose

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