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高能量密度等离子体微晶化对Ni₃A1高温氧化的影响

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应用高能量密度等离子体对Ni 3AI 进行微晶化处理,在合金表面获得了晶粒尺寸小于300 nm的微晶层。对比研究了Ni 3AI 微晶处 理前后在氧气中1000 ℃高温氧化的行为和规律。发现微晶化处理后的试样氧化膜晶粒被极大地细化,合金中AI 选择氧化得到促进,氧化速率明 显降低, 氧化动力学服从四次方规律x4=kpt。

关键字:

Ni 3AI

微晶 高温氧化 腐蚀

INFLUENCE OF MICRO-CRYSTALLIZATION BY HIGH ENERGY DENSITY PLASMA ON HIGH TEMPERATURE OXIDATION OF Ni₃Al

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Abstract: High energy density plasma (HEDP) technique was applied to surface treatment of Ni₃Al. A micro-crystalline layer with grain sizes smaller than 300 nm was obtained. Isothermal oxidation at 1000 °C in oxygen for Ni₃Al before and after micro-crystallizing was studied. The results showed that for the micro-crystalline Ni₃Al, the grain of scale turns into very small, the selective oxidation of aluminium is promoted, the oxidation rate is decreased and the oxidation kinetics obeys the forth power equation: $x^4 = k_n t$.

Key words: Ni₃Al micro-crystalline high temperature oxidation corrosion

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