

# 异丙醚-磷酸三丁酯溶剂萃取与阴离子交换法从Fe(II),Mn(II),Co(II),Cu(II)的盐酸溶液中分离Co(II)及~(57)Co

@周德海\$四川大学原子核科学技术研究所 @周继萌\$四川大学原子核科学技术研究所 @周世英\$四川大学原子核科学技术研究所 @陈正康\$四川大学原子核科学技术研究所

收稿日期 1985-1-13 修回日期 网络版发布日期:

**摘要** <正> 钴的同位素~(57)Co不仅可以标记博来霉素(Bleo-mycin)和维生素B<sub>12</sub>等化合物,而且还可以用来制备穆斯堡尔源。最近几年,穆斯堡尔效应的研究越来越广泛。因此~(57)Co的研制和生产方法引起了人们的重视。我们选用铁作靶材(在铜的衬底上电镀铁),氘核为轰击粒子,产生核反应:~(56)Fe(d,n)~(57)Co,~(56)Fe(d,a)~(54)Mn,~(57)Fe(d,2n)~(57)Co,~(57)Fe(d,n)~(58)Co。本文针对上述体系采用异丙醚-TBP萃取除铁,阴离子交换精制纯化~(57)Co。

**关键词** [异丙醚](#) [磷酸三丁酯](#) [萃取](#) [阴离子交换](#) [~\(57\)Co](#)

分类号

## SEPARATION OF Co(II) OR ITS ISOTOPE ~(57)Co FROM Fe(III), Mn(II), Cu(II) AND Co(II) IN HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION WITH ISOPROPYL ETHER-TRIBUTYL PHOSPHATE EXTRACTION AND ANION EXCHANGE

ZHOU DEHAI; ZHOU JIMENG; ZHOU SHIYING; CHEN ZHENGKANG Institute of Nuclear Science and Technology, Sichuan University

**Abstract** The relations of the distribution ratios of Fe(III), Mn(II), Cu(II) and Co(II) in aqueous and organic phases to the acidity, the concentration of isopropyl ether and tributyl phosphate(TBP) and the volume ratios between isopropyl ether and TBP are studied. When the mixed solution of Fe(III), Mn(II) and Co(II) in 4mol/l HCl medium is extracted by isopropyl ether-TBP, the distribution ratio of Co(II) is less than 0.1, i. e. the loss of Co(II) is lowered to the minimum, and that of Fe(III) is equal to 15, that is, enhanced considerably. After the solvent extraction, further enrichment and separation of Co(II) are carried out by anion exchange. The mean value of the measured recovery for Co(II) is 93±7%. The contents of impurity elements in 93μg of Co(II) are as follows: Fe(III) 2.0 μg, Mn(II) 0.0 μg, Cu(II) 0.0μg. The bombardment of the iron targets is performed in a 120 cm cyclotron, on the external and internal target assemblies, with 12.5 MeV and 8.0 MeV deuterons, respectively. The cumulative beam intensities are 128 μA·h and 50 μA·h, respectively. After cooling, the isotopes of Co(II), i. e. ~(57)Co, ~(56)Co and ~(58)Co are separated from ~(54)Mn, ~(59)Fe and ~(63)Cu [or Cu(II)] using the method of isopropyl ether-TBP solvent extraction and anion exchange. A sample of 100 μl taken from the separated solution is dried by heating and the measurement of γ-spectrometry is carried out by means of a Ge-Li detector combined with a pulse amplitude analyser with 4096 channels. It is shown that the bombardment of iron targets by 8.0 MeV deuterons produced ~(57)Co of higher purity in which ~(58)Co amounted to only 8% and no other radioactive impurities including ~(56)Co are detected. The result obtained in this way is satisfactory.

**Key words** [Isopropyl ether](#) [Tributyl phosphate\(TBP\)](#) [extraction](#) [Anion exchange](#) [~\(57\)Co](#)

| 扩展功能  |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| 本文信息  |                                 |
| ▶     | <a href="#">Supporting info</a> |
| ▶     | <a href="#">[PDF全文](381KB)</a>  |
| ▶     | <a href="#">[HTML全文](0KB)</a>   |
| ▶     | <a href="#">参考文献</a>            |
| 服务与反馈 |                                 |
| ▶     | <a href="#">把本文推荐给朋友</a>        |
| ▶     | <a href="#">文章反馈</a>            |
| ▶     | <a href="#">浏览反馈信息</a>          |
| 相关信息  |                                 |
| ▶     | <a href="#">本刊中包含“异丙醚”的相关文章</a> |
| ▶     | <a href="#">本文作者相关文章</a>        |

---

通讯作者