

SEPARATION SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

苯或甲苯萃取己内酰胺和甲基己内酰胺分配系数的测定和预测

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摘要 To get high purity caprolactam is a challenging task in the chemical fiber industry. To date, reports on the prediction of the distribution of caprolactam and its derivative chemicals have been few. In this study, the extraction of caprolactam with toluene as the extractant and N-methyl caprolactam with benzene and toluene as the extractants has been carried out. By defining new UNIFAC groups and calibrating related interaction parameters, a UNIFAC method was introduced to predict the equilibrium concentration of caprolactam and methyl caprolactam in toluene or benzene extraction processes. The calculated results fit very well with the experimental data. Using the UNIFAC model, the selectivity of extractants can be predicted.

关键词 [extraction](#) [UNIFAC model](#) [caprolactam](#) [benzene](#) [toluene](#)

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Distribution coefficient of caprolactam and methyl caprolactam using benzene or toluene as extractants: Experiments and prediction

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Abstract

To get high purity caprolactam is a challenging task in the chemical fiber industry. To date, reports on the prediction of the distribution of caprolactam and its derivative chemicals have been few. In this study, the extraction of caprolactam with toluene as the extractant and N-methyl caprolactam with benzene and toluene as the extractants has been carried out. By defining new UNIFAC groups and calibrating related interaction parameters, a UNIFAC method was introduced to predict the equilibrium concentration of caprolactam and methyl caprolactam in toluene or benzene extraction processes. The calculated results fit very well with the experimental data. Using the UNIFAC model, the selectivity of extractants can be predicted.

Key words [extraction](#) [UNIFAC model](#) [caprolactam](#) [benzene](#) [toluene](#)

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