

本期目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

[打印本页] [关闭]

论文

基于自适应非参数统计模型的彩色目标跟踪算法研究

惠宝聚¹;高雅²;李良福^{2,3}

1.海装舰船技术保障部,北京100841; 2.西安应用光学研究所,陕西西安710065;

3. 西安交通大学系统工程研究所,陕西西安710049

摘要:

针对复杂环境条件下的视觉跟踪问题,提出一种基于自适应非参数统计模型的彩色目标跟踪算法。利用目标和背景之间的强度差别,基于自适应核密度估计模型对运动目标进行了非参数统计建模。为了实现具有较大范围运动目标的跟踪,在充分考虑目标和背景之间的相关性前提下,采用目标特征统计的背景加权直方图对搜索区域进行了扩大。为了提高对环境变化的适应能力,根据目标和环境的变化自适应更新目标特征分布模型。通过对实际图像序列的实验,结果表明该算法能够有效跟踪运动目标,并且平均迭代次数比传统方法减少了37.28%。

关键词: 视觉跟踪;非参数统计模型;彩色目标

Visual tracking algorithm for colour objects based on adaptive nonparametric statistical model

HUI Bao-ju¹; GAO Ya²; LI Liang-fu^{2,3}

1. Ship Technical Support Division of Naval Equipment Department, Beijing 100841, China;

2. Xi'an Institute of Applied Optics, Xi'an 710065, China;

3. System Engineering Institute, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an 710049, China

Abstract:

To realize the visual tracking under the complicated condition, an efficient color object tracking algorithm based on the adaptive is presented in this paper. Based on an adaptive kernel model, the nonparametric statistical modeling of a moving target was carried out with the intensity difference between the target and the background. The search region is extended for searching objects with the background-weighted histogram for statistics of the target feature on the premise of taking the relevance between the target and background into account in order to realize the tracking of the moving gadgets in a large area. According to the change of the object and environment, the target model is updated to improve the adaptive ability for environment variation of object tracking. Experimental results on real image sequences show that the algorithm can efficiently track the moving gadgets, and the average iteration number reduces 37.28% in comparison with other method.

Keywords: visual tracking; nonparametric statistical model; colour object

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

通讯作者: 惠宝聚(1965-),男,山东沂水县人,工程师,主要从事舰艇武器装备的技术保障研究工作。

作者简介:

参考文献:

- [1] 陈东炎, 张王己, 王艳玲, 等. 图像跟踪系统中机动目标预测的实现 [J]. 应用光学, 2007, 28(1): 33-37.
CHEN Dong-yan, ZHANG Qi, WANG Yan-ling, et al. Implementation of maneuver target prediction in image tracking system [J]. Journal of Applied Optics, 2007, 28(1): 33-37. (in Chinese with an English abstract)
- [2] 陆培国,寿少峻.舰载光电系统高精度跟踪控制技术 [J].应用光学,2006, 27(6): 476-484.
LU Pei-guo, SHOU Shao-jun. High accuracy tracking technology and its application in ship-borne electro-optical system [J]. Journal of Applied Optics, 2006, 27(6): 476-484. (in Chinese with an English abstract)
- [3] ISARD M, BLAKE A. Condensation—conditional density propagation for visual tracking [J]. Inter-

扩展功能

本文信息

► Supporting info

► PDF(2167KB)

► [HTML全文]

► 参考文献

服务与反馈

► 把本文推荐给朋友

► 加入我的书架

► 加入引用管理器

► 引用本文

► Email Alert

► 文章反馈

► 浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

► 视觉跟踪;非参数统计模型;彩色目标

本文作者相关文章

► 惠宝聚

► 高雅

► 李良福

[4] JIMENEZ J R, MEDINA V, YANEZ O. Nonpara-metric MRI segmentation using mean shift and edge confidence maps [J]. SPIE 2003,5032:1433-1441.

[5] COMANICIU D, RAMESH V, MEER P. Realtime tracking of non-rigid objects using mean shift [J]. Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, 2000,2: 142-149.

[6] NUMMIARO K, KOLLER-MEIER E, GOOL L V. An adaptive color-based particle filter [J]. Image and Vision Computing, 2003(1):99-110.

[7] HAGER G D, DEWAN M, STEWART C V. Mul-tiple kernel tracking with SSD [J]. IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, 2004,1: 790-797.

[8] COMANICIU D, MEER P. Mean shift: a robust approach toward feature space analysis [J]. IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, 2002,24(5):603-619.

[9] COMANICIU D, RAMESH V, MEER P. Kernel-based object tracking [J]. IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, 2003,25(5):564-577.

[10] KING M A, LEE T K, ATKINS M S, MCLEAN D I. Automatic nevi segmentation using adaptive mean shift filters and feature analysis [J]. SPIE, 2004, 5370: 1730-1737.

[11] ARNAUD E, MEMIN E. Optimal importance sampling for tracking in image sequences: application to point tracking [J]. ECCV, 2004,3023: 302-314.

本刊中的类似文章

文章评论 (请注意:本站实行文责自负, 请不要发表与学术无关的内容!评论内容不代表本站观点.)

反馈人	<input type="text"/>	邮箱地址	<input type="text"/>
反馈标题	<input type="text"/>	验证码	<input type="text"/> 9619