#### 博士论坛

# 基于凹点搜寻的重叠细胞图像自动分离的算法研究

傅 蓉 $^1$ ,申 洪 $^1$ ,陈 浩 $^2$ 

1.南方医科大学 病理学教研室, 广州 510515

2.南方医科大学 信息技术系,广州 510515

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 2007-5-28 接受日期

摘要 提出了一种重叠细胞图像自动分离的新算法。根据重叠细胞的凹凸性,从细胞重叠区域的凹区域中寻找到凹点,根据凹点数与细胞个数的关系,判断是细胞串联还是细胞并联:如果是串联的情况,则直接将成对的凹点连成直线分离重叠区域;如果是并联的情况,则将凹点与重叠区域的中心连接成直线分离重叠区域。该算法在Matlab环境下对重叠细胞图像进行了自动分离,实验结果表明该算法实现简单,效果理想,且能基本保持原细胞的大小和形状。

关键词 <u>重叠细胞</u> <u>凹点</u> <u>细胞串联</u> <u>细胞并联</u> <u>自动分离</u> 分类号

# Research of automatically separating algorithm for overlap cell based on searching concave spot

FU Rong<sup>1</sup>, SHEN Hong<sup>1</sup>, CHEN Hao<sup>2</sup>

1. The Psychopathology Department of Southern Medical University, Guanghou 510515, China 2. Information Technology Department of Southern Medical University, Guanghou 510515, China

#### Abstract

This article proposes a new algorithm for automatically separating overlap cell image. According to the rugged topography of overlap cell, we seek concave spots from the concave regions in the overlap cell image, and judge whether image is cell series or cell parallel by comparing the numbers of concave spots with cores. In the series situation, drawing line by connecting couple of concave spots to separate overlap region; In the parallel situation, drawing line by connecting concave spot with core to separate the overlap region. This algorithm is carried to separate the overlap cell image under the Matlab environment. The experimental results indicate this algorithm is simple and effective.

Key words overlap cell concave spot cell series cell parallel automatically separation

DOI:

# 扩展功能

#### 本文信息

- ► Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(872KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- **▶参考文献**

## 服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶文章反馈
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

### 相关信息

▶ <u>本刊中 包含"重叠细胞"的</u> 相关文章

▶本文作者相关文章

- 傅 蓉
- 申 洪
- 陈 浩

通讯作者 傅 蓉 E-mail: furong@fimmu.com