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扩展在上GF(3)新型自缩序列模型及研究

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摘要 自收缩序列是一类重要的伪随机序列,而周期和线性复杂度是序列伪随机性的经典量度。如何构造自缩序列的新模型,使生成序列具有大的周期和高的线性复杂度是一个重要的问题。针对这一问题,构造了GF(3)上一种新型的自缩序列模型,利用有限域理论,研究了生成序列的周期和线性复杂度,得到一些主要结论:周期上界 3^n ,下界 $3^{2[n/3]}$;线性复杂度上界 3^n ,下界 $3^{2[n/3]-1}$ 。进一步讨论了基于GF(3)上本原三项式和四项式的自缩序列的周期和线性复杂度。

关键词 自缩序列 周期 线性复杂度 本原三项式 本原四项式

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New model and studying of self-shrinking sequence developed on GF (3)

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Abstract

Self-shrinking sequence is an important kind of pseudo-random sequences. Period and linear complexity are classic measures of pseudo-random sequences. So, it becomes an important issue to construct new models of self-shrinking sequence that could generate sequences with great period and high linear complexity. In view of this question, a new model of self-shrinking sequence over GF(3) is constructed. After the study of the period and linear complexity of the generated sequence using the theory of finite fields, there are some main conclusions: The upper bound of the period is 3^n , the lower bound is $3^{2[n/3]}$. Moreover, the period and linear complexity of the generated sequence based on primitive trinomials and quarternomials of degree n over GF(3) are discussed.

Key words <u>self-shrinking sequence</u> <u>period</u> <u>linear complexity</u> <u>primitive trinomials</u> <u>primitive quarternomials</u>

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