论文

基于四阶混合累积量的雷达目标二维超分辨成像

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针对高斯色噪声条件下雷达目标二维成像问题,提出了一种基于四阶混合累积量的二维ESPRIT超分辨成像 方法。利用四阶混合累积量对高斯色噪声的自动抑制,降低了噪声对成像质量的影响。通过保持目标特征 矩阵结构不变,解决了现有方法在长采样数据条件下计算量过大的问题。仿真实验表明该方法的成像效果 和散射点位置估计精度优于传统方法。

二维超分辨成像 四阶混合累积量 二维谐波恢复 高斯色噪声

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Two-Dimensional Super-Resolution Imaging of Radar Target **Based on Fourth-Order Mixed Cumulants**

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Abstract

A new method for two-dimensional super-resolution imaging of radar target in colored Gaussian noise, called two-dimensional FOMC (Fourth-Order Mixed Cumulants) based ESPRIT (2d-FOMCESPRIT), is presented in this paper. The image is improved for the FOMC could eliminate the Gaussian noise automatically. Additionally this method is computationally much less intensive by holding the dimensions of the feature matrix in the presence of long records. Simulation results show that this method has better image quality than other methods.

Key words Two-dimensional super-resolution imaging Fourth-Order Mixed Cumulants (FOMC) Two-dimensional harmonic retrieval colored Gaussian noise

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