论文

用于信号特征提取和重建的脊提取算法

张晓冬, 王桥, 吴乐南

东南大学无线电工程系,南京,210096

收稿日期 2002-1-17 修回日期 2002-6-28 网络版发布日期 2008-6-25 接受日期

摘要

该文论述了以信号在连续小波变换域上形成的脊作为信号特征进行信号的特征提取和信号重建的方法,并且将该理论应用到话音信号的处理中。仿真实验表明,对于最高频率为4kHz的语音信号来说,提取3~5条脊即可以很好地刻划信号的全部信息,重建的信号在主观感觉上达到了较好的效果。

关键词 连续小波变换 脊提取 信号重建

分类号 TN911.72

Characterization extraction and reconstruction of signals by the ridges of continuous wavelet transform

Zhang Xiaodong, Wang Qiao, Wu Lenan

Dept. of Radio Engineering Southeast University Nanjing 210096 China

Abstract

The theory of detecting ridges in the modulus of the continuous wavelet transform is presented as well as reconstructing signal by using information on ridges. Application of the theory on speech signal is discussed in detail. Experimental result shows that as for signals with highest frequency at 4kHz, $3\sim5$ ridges is enough to describe all of the information contained in the signal. The reconstructed signal reserves most of the necessary information of the original signal.

Key words Continuous wavelet transform Ridge extraction Signal reconstruction

DOI:

通讯作者

作者个人主

页 张晓冬; 王桥; 吴乐南

扩展功能

本文信息

- Supporting info
- ▶ PDF(473KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文](OKB)
- ▶参考文献[PDF]
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ► Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

相关信息

- ▶ <u>本刊中 包含"连续小波变换"的</u> 相关文章
- ▶本文作者相关文章
- · 张晓冬
- · 王桥
- · 吴乐南