

本期目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

[打印本页] [关闭]

论文

电子倍增CCD(EMCCD)的噪声特性分析

唐红民<sup>1,2</sup>;魏宏刚<sup>1</sup>;廖胜<sup>1</sup>

1.中国科学院光电技术研究所,四川成都610209; 2.中国科学院研究生院,北京100039

摘要:

介绍了EMCCD的结构原理,详细分析了EMCCD的噪声来源。利用在EMCCD芯片内嵌入独特的全固态电子倍增结构,实现放大信号,抑制噪声的功能。通过对几种主要噪声的数学模型进行分析,总结出EMCCD噪声的3点特性:EM增益有效抑制了读出噪声; EM增益过程产生的噪声因子对倍增结构之前的噪声有放大作用; 时钟感生电荷(CIC)的影响在EMCCD中变得重要。提高增益、深度制冷、时钟波形优化等方法可有效抑制噪声。

关键词: 电子倍增CCD; 噪声因子; 时钟感生电荷 (CIC)

Analysis of noise performance of EMCCD

TANG Hong min<sup>1,2</sup>, WEI Hong gang<sup>1</sup>, LIAO Sheng<sup>1</sup>

1.Institute of Optics and Electronics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Chengdu 610209, China;

2.Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100039, China

Abstract:

The structure of EMCCD is introduced. The functions of signal amplification and noise restraint were realized by inserting the all-solid-state electron multiplying structure in the EMCCD chip and amplifying the charge coming out in horizontal transfer before detection according to the noise resources of EMCCD. Through a theoretical analysis of mathematical models for the main noises of EMCCD, three characteristics of EMCCD noise were summed up: the EM gain can effectively restrain the read out noise; the noise factor generated during the EM gain process has the function of amplifying the noise produced before the multiplying structure; the effect of CIC on the EMCCD performance is serious. It is pointed out that the improvement of EM gain, aggravation of cooling and optimization of clock wave form can effectively restrain the noise.

Keywords: electron multiplying CCD; noise factor; CIC

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

通讯作者: 唐红民(1983-), 男,湖南东安县人,硕士研究生,主要从事EMCCD在热环境中的应用研究工作。

作者简介:

参考文献:

- [1] DENVIR D J, EMER C. Electron multiplying CCDs [J]. SPIE, 2003, 4877: 55-68.
- [2] OLIVIER D. L3CCD results in pure photon counting mode [J]. SPIE, 2004, 5499: 219-227.
- [3] JANESICK J R. Scientific charge-coupled devices [M]. USA: SPIE Press, 2001: 605-719.
- [4] DAVID D, PAUL H. Noise performance comparison of ICCD and EMCCD cameras [J]. SPIE, 2004, 5563: 159-204.
- [5] HYNECEK J. Excess noise and other important characteristics of low light level imaging using charge multiplying CCDs [J]. IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices. 2003, 50(1): 239-245.
- [6] ROBBINS M S, HADWEN B J. The noise performance of electron multiplying charge coupled devices [J]. IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices, 2003, 50: 1227-1232.
- [7] PLAKHOTNIK T, CHENNU A, ZVYAGIN A V. Statistics of single-electron signals in electron multiplying charge coupled devices [J]. IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices, 2006, 53(4): 618-622.
- [8] HYNECEK J. Impactron-a new solid state image intensifier [J]. IEEE Transactions on Electron

扩展功能

本文信息

► Supporting info

► PDF(1404KB)

► [HTML全文]

► 参考文献

服务与反馈

► 把本文推荐给朋友

► 加入我的书架

► 加入引用管理器

► 引用本文

► Email Alert

► 文章反馈

► 浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

► 电子倍增CCD; 噪声因子; 时钟感生电荷 (CIC)

本文作者相关文章

► 唐红民

► 魏宏刚

► 廖胜

[9] DEWEERT M J. Photon transfer methods and results for electron multiplication CCDs [J].

SPIE,2004,5558:248-259.

[10] 许武军,曾艳,危峻,等.微光视觉CCD在卫星云图观测中的应用 [J].上海航天,2006(3):28-31.

XU Wu-jun, ZENG Yan, WEI Jun, et al. Application of L3 vision CCD in satellite nephograph

[J]. Aerospace Shanghai,2006(3):28-31.(in Chinese with an English abstract)

本刊中的类似文章

文章评论 (请注意:本站实行文责自负,请不要发表与学术无关的内容!评论内容不代表本站观点.)

反馈人	<input type="text"/>	邮箱地址	<input type="text"/>
反馈标题	<input type="text"/>	验证码	<input type="text"/> 2869