化学

电子束辐照聚二甲基硅烷的结构分析

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摘要 在室温、真空条件下,利用加速器产生的高能电子束辐照聚二甲基硅烷(PDMS)试样,研究吸收剂量对其结构的影响。通过气相色谱质谱联用分析可知,辐照过程中产生了少量 \mathbf{H}_2 和 $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}_4$,且 \mathbf{H}_2 的产率高于 $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}_4$ 。FT-IR、激光拉曼光谱以及XRD分析结果表明,经超高剂量(MGy级)辐照后,聚二甲基硅烷的化学结构未发生明显变化,其晶态结构也未遭破坏。这些结果说明,PDMS具有异乎寻常的耐辐射性能,这可能归因于其主链上规整Si—Si键的 \mathbf{G} 电子离域运动所形成的 \mathbf{G} 共轭体系的特殊结构。

关键词 聚二甲基硅烷; 电子束; 辐照; 结构分析

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Structural Analysis of Polydimethylsilane Irradiated by Electron Beam

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Abstract Polydimethylsilane (PDMS) samples were irradiated by electron beam (EB) in vacuu m at room temperature, and the relationship between its structure and absorbed dose was investig ated. The result of GC-MS reveals that a small amount of H_2 and CH_4 is released. FT-IR, Rama n spectra and XRD curves show that the chemical and crystal structure of PDMS are not change d after irradiated with extremely high dose of several MGy. These results indicate that the radiatio n tolerance of PDMS is excellent, which might be caused by the delocalized σ electron of the high ly ordered Si—Si skeletons.

Key words polydimethylsilane electron beam irradiation structural analysis

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