阴极有半圆柱形凹槽的非对称磁控管型H~-离子源的试验研究

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收稿日期 1987-6-3 修回日期 网络版发布日期:

摘要 <正>一、前言 国内唯一的一台标准磁控管型H~-离子源已在1983年完成了桌上试验研究,达到了预期的指标。试验中发现,该源按弧功率估算应能引出更多的H~-束流(>50mA),H~-束流的引出除受该装置引出电压(<18kV)的限制外,阴极表面利用系数低也限制了H~-束流的引出,为提高源的效率,引用了阴极-阳极引出狭缝形状聚焦技术,试制了一个带半圆

关键词 <u>非对称磁控管型H~-离子源</u> <u>凹槽形阴极</u> <u>形状聚焦</u> <u>阴极表面利用系数</u> 分类号

AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON ASYMMETRIC MAGNETRON H~- SOURCE WITH GROOVED CATHODE

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Abstract An asymmetric magnetron H~- source with grooved cathode is built toreplace a stand ard-magnetron H~- source. This new cathode has a semi-cylindrical groove and its height is reduced so that the cathode-anode spacing in the back of the source increased from 1 mmto 3.6 mm. This leads to an improvement by a factor of three to four inreducing arc power, which depend on the utilization factor of the cathode area. In addition, arc starting was easier than the standard magnetron H~--source. Less influence of the arc current fluctuation and the deviation from the groove d cathode-anode extracting slit are observed. Also, it is showed gas efficiency is improved in our source. A new discharge arc chamber and the experimental results on the desk test of this device are reported in detail.

Key words Asymmetric magnetron H~- source Grooved cathode Geometry focus Utili zation factor of cathode area

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