

研究报告

# 电解-精馏级联分离H<sub>2</sub>/HD过程的理论分析

夏修龙

中国工程物理研究院核物理与化学研究所

收稿日期 2008-7-8 修回日期 2008-9-25 网络版发布日期: 2009-2-20

**摘要** 为研究电解精馏级联氢同位素分离过程的规律性,建立了理论模型,并以H<sub>2</sub>/HD为对象计算研究了系统分离行为。同时获得了电解和精馏过程系统的浓集行为:电解池中HDO浓度从 $2.88 \times 10^{-4}$ 增长到  $8.35 \times 10^{-4}$ ,精馏柱再沸器中HD浓度达到0.033。随着时间的增长,脱氘率下降,在精馏柱上HD浓度整体抬升。进一步研究了回流比对脱氘率的影响,回流比在3-7之间,平均脱氘率从0.9828到0.9973。

**关键词** [氢同位素分离](#) [低温精馏](#) [电解](#)

分类号 [0643.14](#)

## A theoretical analysis of H<sub>2</sub>/HD separation performance by electrolysis-distillation process

XIA Xiulong

**Abstract** A theoretical model was constituted to study the separation of hydrogen isotopes by electrolysis-distillation process, and separation performance of H<sub>2</sub>/HD was investigated. Enrichment behavior of both electrolysis and distillation was obtained: HDO concentration in electrolysis increased from  $2.88 \times 10^{-4}$  to  $8.35 \times 10^{-4}$ , HD concentration in reboiler finally reached 0.033. However, as enrichment developed, deuterium extraction efficiency decreased with time and HD concentration along distillation column increased simultaneously. The reflux ratio's effect on deuterium extraction efficiency was also studied, deuterium extraction efficiency was between 0.9828 and 0.9973 with reflux ratio between 3 and 7.

**Key words** [hydrogen isotopes separation](#) [cryogenic distillation](#) [electrolysis](#)

DOI

通讯作者 夏修龙 [xiaxiulong999@sina.com](mailto:xiaxiulong999@sina.com)

### 扩展功能

#### 本文信息

- ▶ [Supporting info](#)
- ▶ [\[PDF全文\]\(143KB\)](#)
- ▶ [\[HTML全文\]\(0KB\)](#)
- ▶ [参考文献](#)

#### 服务与反馈

- ▶ [把本文推荐给朋友](#)
- ▶ [文章反馈](#)
- ▶ [浏览反馈信息](#)

#### 相关信息

- ▶ [本刊中 包含“氢同位素分离”的相关文章](#)
- ▶ 本文作者相关文章
  - [夏修龙](#)