## 钛吸氕氘混合气的同位素效应

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摘要 本工作研究不同温度下钛吸收氕氘混合气体的特性,并计算其分离因子 $\alpha$ 。结果表明,在100~300 ℃温度范围内, $\ln \alpha$ 与温度T的倒数间存在线性关系 $\ln \alpha$ =-0.13+107/T。在200 ℃下,当混合气中的氘浓度在10.0%~87.2%范围内变化时,钛吸收氕氘混合气的分离因子恒定不变。钛对氕氘混合气的吸收存在明显的同位素效应,钛更易于吸收氕气。

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## Isotope Effects of Absorbing $H_2$ - $D_2$ Mixed Gas in Titaniu $\mathbf{m}$

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**Abstract** The characteristics of absorbing  $H_2$ - $D_2$  mixture in titanium was researched and the sep aration factor of hydrogen isotopes was measured. It is found that there is a linear relation between the separation factor's logarithm and absolute temperature's reciprocal as  $\ln \alpha = -0.13 + 107/T$  in the temperature range of  $100 \sim 300$  °C. The separation factors of titanium absorbing mixed gas with various composition at 200 °C are independent of the composition of mixed gas, and there is an obvious isotope effect for the absorption of  $H_2$ - $D_2$  mixed gas in titanium and it is easier to absorb protium in titanium.

**Key words** <u>titanium</u> \_ <u>H\_2-D\_2</u> <u>mixed</u> <u>gas</u> \_ <u>separation</u> <u>factor</u> \_ <u>isotope</u> <u>effect</u>

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