溶剂萃取分离锂同位素研究 II. 苏丹 I-中性配位体协萃体系萃取分离锂同位素效应探讨

@陈耀焕\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 @严金英\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 @李永坤\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 @李蓓莉\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 @曾明英\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 @罗家珍\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 @袁群\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 @盛怀禹\$中国科学院上海有机化学研究所 化学研究所

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摘要 文章讨论了苏丹I-中性配位体协萃体系萃取分离锂同位素中螯合剂和协萃剂的结构效应。为了获得高的同位素分离效应,螯合剂必须是弱酸性的(PK_α>11),具有强的分子内氢键及易于形成六元螯合环。协萃剂结构不仅要求无空间位阻,而且具有强的配位基。α随配位基的碱性增大而相应提高。萃取络合物中螯合环的增多亦有利于体系α的提高。此外本文还讨论了一些萃取体系的同位素富集方向和萃锂体系用于分离同位素的前景。

关键词 锂 锂同位素分离效应 协同萃取

分类号

STUDIES ON SEPARATION OF LITHIUM ISOTOPES BY SOL VENT EXTRACTION II. STUDY ON THE SEPARATION EFFEC TS OF LITHIUM ISOTOPES BY SUDAN I-NEUTRAL LIGAND SYNEGETC EXTRACTION SYSTEMS

CHEN YAOHUAN; YAN JINYING; LI YONGKUN; LI BEILI; ZENG MINGING; LUO JIAZHEN; YUA N QUN; SHENG HUAIYU Shanghai Institute of Organic Chemistry, Academia Sini ca

Abstract The effect of the struture of chelating agent and synergetic agent on the extraction separ ation of lithium isotopes by Sudan I-neutral ligand synergetic extraction systems were discussed in this paper. In order to obtain higher isotopic effect, the chelating agent must possess weaker acidit y (pK_a>11), strongerintramolecular hydrogen bonding and a greater tendency to from a six-me mberedchelating ring. In the synergetic agent, there must be a functional group possessing strong c oordination ability without steric hindrance. The separation effect (α) increased with the increase in the basicity of the coordinating group. The increase of the number of chelating rings in the extracta ble complex was of benefit to the enhancement of α . Further discussions are also made on the enri chment direction of extraction systems and the prospects of different systems to be used for isotop eseparation.

Key words Lithium-6 Isotope seperation Synergic extraction

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