### 化学

## 多柱互联低温精馏分离H<sub>2</sub>/HD过程理论研究

夏修龙;熊亮萍

中国工程物理研究院 核物理与化学研究所,四川 绵阳621900

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期:

**摘要** 在氢同位素分离中,通常采用多柱级联工艺实现微量氘或氚的浓集。文章提出了三柱级联分离H<sub>2</sub>/HD的设计工艺和操作模式,获得了3根精馏柱的分离行为。在合适的操作模式下,三柱级联将HD浓缩了20×10×10倍,表明采用多柱级联可非常有效地浓缩微量组分。进一步研究了压力和回流比等因素对分离性能的影响。压力从0.06 MPa增加到0.15 MPa,脱氘率从99.79%降到99.44%。回流比从3增长到5,脱氘率从99.67%升到99.81%。

关键词 <u>低温精馏</u> <u>氢同位素分离</u> <u>多柱级联</u> 分类号

# Theoretical Study on Separation of H<sub>2</sub>/HD by Multi-column Interlinking Cryogenic Distillation

XIA Xiu-long; XIONG Liang-ping

China Academy of Engineering Physics, P. O. Box 919-214, Mianyang 6219 00, China

**Abstract** Multi-column interlinking is an effective separation method adopted for enrichmen t of trace deuterium and tritium. Conceptual design and proper operating mode were proposed for separation of  $H_2/HD$  by cryogenic distillation with three interlinking columns, and separation performance was obtained. Enrichment of  $20 \times 10 \times 10$  achieved with proper operating mode indicates that multi-column interlinking is specially suitable for trace composition enrichment. The effects of pressure and reflux ratio on separation performance were also investigated. As pressure increases from 0.06 MPa to 0.15 MPa, deuterium stripping efficiency drops from 99.79% to 99.44%, and as reflux ratio increases from 3 to 5, deuterium stripping efficiency increases from 99.67% to 99.81%.

Key words <u>cryogenic</u> <u>distillation</u> <u>hydrogen</u> <u>isotopes</u> <u>separation</u> <u>multi-column</u> <u>interli</u> <u>nking</u>

DOI

## 扩展功能

## 本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ [PDF全文](578KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

#### 服务与反馈

▶把本文推荐给朋友

## 相关信息

- ▶ <u>本刊中 包含"低温精馏"的 相关</u> 文章
- ▶本文作者相关文章
  - 夏修龙
  - 熊亮萍