反应堆工程

高温气冷堆氦气透平直接循环的Exergy分析

曹建华,王捷,杨小勇,于溯源

清华大学 核能与新能源技术研究院, 北京 100084

收稿日期 2005-9-22 修回日期 2006-1-25 网络版发布日期: 2007-3-25

摘要 针对100 MW电功率的氦气透平直接循环的设计,对循环各个部件分别进行了热力学第一和第二定律分析。给出了各个部件的输入和产出Exergy公式,计算了Exergy损失分布表,并和按照传统分析方法分析的结果进行了比较。结果表明,一半以上的Exergy损失发生在堆芯部分,而由预冷器、压气机和间冷器组成的压缩系统所占Exergy损失比重,比按照第一定律计算的能量损失份额结果小的多;循环Exergy损失主要原因是能量形式的转换和不可逆换热。系统Exergy效率略高于热效率。

关键词 热力学分析 Exergy分析 高温气冷堆 布雷登循环 Exergy损失 分类号

Exergy Analysis of Gas Turbine Combined 100 MW HTGR

CAO Jian—hua, WANG Jie, YANG Xiao—yong, Yu Su—yuan

Institute of Nuclear and New Energy Technology, Tsinghua University, Beijing, 100084, China

Abstract According to the design of 100MWe HTGR coupled with gas turbine, the energy and exergy analysis were done for each part of the cycle, and inlet and outlet exergies of those parts were calculated. And the exergy loss distribution and exergy loss ratio of each sub-process were quantified and compared with the results of energy analysis done by other papers. The results show that more than a half of the exergy loss takes place inside the reactor core, while the low pressure compressor (LPC), the high pressure compressor (HPC) and the intercooler were denoted by compress system together, play a much smaller role in the contribution of exergy losses than the results in the energy analysis. The exergy loss of the cycle was mainly due to the energy conversion and irreversible heat exchange. The total energy efficiency of the cycle is quite high, and the exergy efficiency is higher.

Key words thermal analysis exergy analysis high temperature gas-cooled reactor Brayton cycle exergy loss

扩展功能

本文信息

- ► Supporting info
- ▶ [PDF全文](138KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

- ▶ <u>本刊中 包含"热力学分析"的 相</u> <u>关文章</u>
- ▶本文作者相关文章
- ・ 曹建华
- 王捷
- 杨小勇于溯源