

基于协同进化算法的配电网故障阶段式恢复策略

汤亚芳¹, 陈曦², 程浩忠²

1. 贵州大学 电气工程学院, 贵州省 贵阳市 550003; 2. 上海交通大学 电子信息与电气工程学院, 上海市 闵行区 200240

收稿日期 2007-11-19 修回日期 网络版发布日期 2008-8-25 接受日期

摘要

传统的配电网故障恢复算法难于同时兼顾恢复过程的快速性和恢复策略的最优化。文章提出一种将启发式搜索算法与优化算法相结合的配电网故障阶段式恢复策略: 第一阶段采用启发式搜索方法恢复负荷供电; 第二阶段利用优化算法处理过载的负荷转移; 第三阶段按启发式搜索方法处理过载负荷的切除。为实现快速的网络拓扑分析, 采用家族树结构表征配电网, 并对传统的粒子群优化 (particle swarm optimization, PSO) 算法与模拟退火 (simulated annealing, SA) 优化算法进行改进, 提出了协同进化算法 (co-evolutionary algorithm of PSO and SA, CPSOSA), CPSOSA 算法在求解故障恢复数学模型时具有较高的全局寻优能力。算例分析证明了本文所提恢复策略及算法的可行性和高效性。

关键词 [配电网](#) [故障恢复](#) [家族树结构](#) [粒子群优化与模拟退火协同进化算法\(CPSOSA\)](#)

分类号 [TM711](#)

A Phased Fault Restoration Algorithm for Distribution System Based on Co-Evolutionary Algorithm of PSO and SA

TANG Ya-fang¹, CHEN Xi², CHENG Hao-zhong²

1. School of Electrical Engineering, Guizhou University, Guiyang 550003, Guizhou Province, China; 2. School of Electronic Information and Electrical Engineering, Shanghai Jiaotong University, Minhang District, Shanghai 200240, China

Abstract

For traditional distribution network fault restoration algorithm, it is difficult to consider both the quickness of restoration process and optimization of restoration strategy simultaneously. The authors propose a phased distribution network fault restoration method that integrates the heuristic search algorithm with optimization algorithm. In the first stage, the heuristic search algorithm is adopted to restore power supply for loads; in the second stage, the optimization algorithm is adopted to deal with load transfer under overload; in the third stage, the overload is rejected according to the heuristic research algorithm. To implement quick network topology and analysis, the wiring of distribution network is characterized by family tree structure; traditional particle swarm optimization (PSO) algorithm and simulated annealing (SA) algorithm are improved, and a coevolution algorithm of PSO and SA (CPSOSA) is put forward, CPSOSA possesses higher global search ability while fault restoration model is solved. The feasibility and efficiency of the proposed restoration strategy and algorithm are verified by results of calculation example.

Key words [distribution systems](#) [fault restoration](#) [family tree](#) [co-evolution algorithm of PSO and SA \(CPSOSA\)](#)

DOI:

通讯作者 汤亚芳 tangyafang2006@yahoo.com.cn; tyf@mail.gzit.edu.cn

作者个人主页 汤亚芳¹; 陈曦²; 程浩忠²

扩展功能
本文信息
▶ Supporting info
▶ PDF (199KB)
▶ [HTML全文] (OKB)
▶ 参考文献 [PDF]
▶ 参考文献
服务与反馈
▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
▶ 加入我的书架
▶ 加入引用管理器
▶ 复制索引
▶ Email Alert
▶ 文章反馈
▶ 浏览反馈信息
相关信息
▶ 本刊中包含“配电网”的相关文章
▶ 本文作者相关文章
· 汤亚芳
· 陈曦
· 程浩忠