

本期目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

[打印本页] [关闭]

特高压输电

特高压直流碳化硅晶闸管损耗探讨

金锐,雷林绪,温家良,邱宇峰

中国电力科学研究院, 北京市 海淀区 100192

摘要:

碳化硅是发展最为成熟的新型宽禁带半导体材料,且碳化硅功率器件近期已开始代替常规的硅基器件。以典型的±800 kV,额定电流为5 kA的高压直流输电工程为实例,建立了换流阀基本组件的电气模型,用PSCAD/EMTDC仿真软件搭建了换流器仿真电路,研究碳化硅晶闸管在高压直流换流阀中的应用。对基于碳化硅晶闸管和普通硅晶闸管的直流换流阀电气特性和损耗进行仿真结果比较。计算结果表明:用碳化硅晶闸管来代替传统的硅晶闸管,可以在不同的触发角和工况下大幅减少系统的功率损耗。最后估算了在直流工程中使用碳化硅晶闸管带来的经济效益。

关键词:

Discussion on Power Loss of HVDC Converter Valves Adopting Silicon Carbide Thyristors

JIN Rui ,LEI Linxu ,WEN Jialiang ,QIU Yufeng

China Electric Power Research Institute, Haidian District, Beijing 100192, China

Abstract:

Among new kinds of most promising wide band gap semiconductor materials, the silicon carbide (SiC) is the most matured one, and recently the SiC power devices begin to displace conventional silicon thyristors power devices. Taking ±800 kV DC power transmission project with rated current of 5 000 A for example, an electrical model of basic components in converter valve is built and a simulation circuit for the converter is constructed by PSCAD/EMTDC software to research the application of SiC thyristors in HVDC converter valves. The electrical performances and power loss of DC converter valve consisted of SiC thyristor and that consisted of common silicon thyristors are respectively simulated and compared. Calculation results show that displacing conventional silicon thyristors by SiC thyristor can greatly decrease power loss of HVDC power transmission system under different trigger angles and operation conditions. Finally, the economic effect brought by utilizing SiC thyristors in HVDC power transmission project is estimated.

Keywords:

收稿日期 2010-08-27 修回日期 2010-11-18 网络版发布日期 2011-03-11

DOI:

基金项目:

国家电网公司科技项目(ZL71-09-001)。

通讯作者: 金锐

作者简介:

作者Email: jinrui@epri.sgcc.com.cn

参考文献:

- [1] 赵婉君. 高压直流输电技术[M]. 北京: 中国电力出版社, 2004: 10-12.
- [2] 浙江大学发电教研组. 直流输电[M]. 北京: 水利电力出版社, 1982: 8-9.
- [3] 袁清云. 特高压直流输电技术现状及在我国的应用前景[J]. 电网技术, 2005, 29(14): 1-3.
- [4] Yuan Qingyun. Present state and application prospect of ultra HVDC transmission in China[J]. Power System Technology, 2005, 29(14): 1-3(in Chinese).
- [5] 盛柏桢, 程文芳. 碳化硅器件及其应用[J]. 电子元器件应用, 2001, 3(5): 19-23.
- [6] Sheng Bozhen, Cheng Wenfang. SiC devices and their applications [J]. Electronic Device Application, 2001, 3(5): 19-23(in Chinese).
- [7] IEC61803—1999, Determination of power losses in high-voltage direct current (HVDC)

扩展功能

本文信息

► Supporting info

► PDF (504KB)

► [HTML全文]

► 参考文献[PDF]

► 参考文献

服务与反馈

► 把本文推荐给朋友

► 加入我的书架

► 加入引用管理器

► 引用本文

► Email Alert

► 文章反馈

► 浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

本文作者相关文章

PubMed

converter[S]. [6] Cepek M. Loss measurement in high voltage thyristor valves[J]. IEEE Trans on Power Delivery, 1994, 9(3):1222-1236. [7] Kimbark E W. Direct current transmission: Vol. I[M]. New York: , John & Sons, Inc., 1971: 21-25. [8] Uhlmann E. Power transmission by direct current [M]. Heidelberg, New York: Springer-Verlag Berlin, 1995: 37-41. [9] 高冲, 温家良, 于坤山. 反向恢复电荷分散性对直流换流阀的影响[J]. 中国电机工程学报, 2008, 28(10): 1-5. Gao Chong, Wen Jialiang, Yu Kunshan. Influence of thyristor reverse recovery charge dispersity on HVDC Valves[J]. Proceedings of the CSEE, 2008, 28(10): 1-5(in Chinese). [10] 兰元良, 汤广福, 印永华, 等. 串联晶闸管反向恢复暂态过程的研究[J]. 电网技术, 2006, 30(16): 15-18. Lan Yuanliang, Tang Guangfu, Yin Yonghua, et al. Study on transient of reverse recovery of series thyristors[J]. Power System Technology, 2006, 30(16): 15-18(in Chinese). [11] 兰元良, 汤广福, 武守远, 等. 220kV成碧线可控串补晶闸管电气设计及仿真[J]. 电网技术, 2006, 30(4): 11-15. Lan Yuanliang, Tang Guangfu, Wu Shouyuan, et al. Electrical design and simulation of thyristor valves for thyristor controlled series compensation of 220 KV Chengbi transmission line[J]. Power System Technology, 2006, 30(4): 11-15(in Chinese). [12] Edison J B, Chow T P, Agarwa A, et al. Switching characteristics of 3kV 4H-SiC GTO thyristors[C]//58th Device Research Conference. USA: IEEE, 2000: 135-136. [13] Anant K A, Damsky B, Richmond J, et al. The first demonstration of the 1cm by 1cm SiC thyristor chip [C]//Proceedings of the 17th International Symposium of Power Semiconductor Devices & IC's. USA: IEEE, 2005: 1-3. [14] 温家良, 汤广福, 查鲲鹏, 等. 高压晶闸管阀运行试验方法与试验装置的研究与开发[J]. 电网技术, 2006, 30(21): 26-31. Wen Jialiang, Tang Guangfu, Zha Kunpeng, et al. Operational test method of high voltage thyristor valves and development of its synthetic test equipment[J]. Power System Technology, 2006, 30(21): 26-31(in Chinese). [15] 温家良, 查鲲鹏, 高冲, 等. 特高压直流输电晶闸管阀成套运行试验装置研制[J]. 电网技术, 2010, 34(8): 1-5. Wen Jialiang, Zha Kunpeng, Gao Chong, et al. Research and development of whole-set operational test UHVDC thyristor valves[J]. Power System Technology, 2010, 34(8): 1-5(in Chinese).

本刊中的类似文章

Copyright by 电网技术