

多维力传感器耦合分析及解耦方法的研究

作 者：曹会彬，孙玉香，刘利民，冯勇，王以俊，葛运建

单 位：合肥研究院智能机械研究所

基金项目：仿土拨鼠矿难探测与救援机器人基础理论与关键技术研究

摘 要：

耦合现象普遍存在于多维力传感器中，多维力传感器输出如不经过解耦，数据直接应用到机器人操作中，会导致机器人的误操作。针对存在的耦合现象，本文首先分析了多维力存在的耦合原因，根据产生原因将耦合分为两种形式：结构耦合和误差耦合，然后提出了一种新的解耦方法-基于线性神经网络解耦方法，与传统解耦方法相比，该方法大大提高了解耦精度。最后通过实验证明了该方法的有效性和优越性。

关键词：多维力传感器；结构耦合；误差耦合；解耦；神经网络；

Coupling Analysis of Multi-axis Force Sensor and Research of Decoupling Method

Author's Name:

Institution:

Abstract:

Coupling is a common phenomenon in the multi-axis force sensor. If we measure the data without decoupling, it will cause incorrect operation of the robots. Aiming at coupling phenomenon, this paper analyzes the reasons why coupling exists in the multi-axis force sensor. Dividing from the causes there are two types of multi-axis force sensors, structure coupling and error coupling. We put forward a linear decoupling method based on neural network. Comparing to the traditional decoupling method, this method improves the precision of decoupling greatly. In the end of this paper, experiments and traditional decoupling method are used to compare and prove the effectiveness of this method.

Keywords: Multi-axis Force Sensor; Structure Coupling; Error Coupling; Decoupling; Neural Network;

投稿时间： 2010-12-08

[查看pdf文件](#)