



集成温度传感器的无源UHF RFID标签设计与验证

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摘要：

针对超高频EPC C1 Gen-2协议，设计了一款集成温度传感器的无源RFID标签。系统整体构架包括射频模拟前端、数字逻辑控制器四部分。通过复用模拟前端电路产生的电流作为温度转换模块的偏置电流，采用时域数字量化法设计出极低功耗的温度传感器。仿真结果表明，所设计温度传感器的功耗仅为100nW。集成温度传感器的RFID标签的电路仿真及FPGA验证结果表现在-20℃~80℃，有效分辨率为0.4℃。

关键词：射频识别；传感标签；CMOS工艺；低功耗；温度传感器

Design and Verification of Passive UHF RFID Tag with Integrated Temperature Sensor

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Abstract:

A passive RFID tag with an integrated ultralow-power temperature sensor is designed for the EPC C1 Gen-2 protocol in the UHF frequency band. The system architecture includes a RF analog front-end, a logic control circuit, a digital temperature sensor circuit, and EEPROM memory in a standard CMOS process. By multiplexing the bias current and clock signal of the analog front-end, the on-chip temperature sensor is implemented. The associated with temperature is sampled in time-domain and digitalized for thermal sensing. The pre-layout simulation results based on the proposed design indicate that the average power dissipation of temperature sensor is only 100nW, and the sensor tag has a resolution of 0.4°C in the range of -20°C~80°C. The circuit simulation and FPGA verification results show that the designed passive UHF RFID tag with temperature sensor can realize the expected sensor function.

Keywords: RF identification; sensor tag; CMOS process; low power; temperature sensor

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