

摘要： 由于S曲线误差是星敏感器质心定位系统误差的重要组成成分，本文结合质心定位的物理过程及仿真对S曲线误差来源进行了分析。研究了各项误差来源产生的影响，并采用频域分析法得出了S曲线误差的理论解析式。用星敏感器产品进行了实验，采集视场中心S曲线误差并用正弦模型进行补偿，分析了同一补偿模型对全视场S曲线误差的补偿效果，并对标定数据进行了S曲线误差补偿。实验结果表明：视场中心S曲线误差的标准差为0.048 pixel，补偿后标准差为0.027 pixel，质心定位精度提高了43.8%；进一步采用视场中心正弦补偿模型对全视场S曲线误差进行补偿后，全视场质心定位精度提高了35.7%以上，全视场标定精度提高了31.7%。由实验结果可知：S曲线误差是星敏感器的一项重要误差源，采用正弦模型对S曲线误差进行补偿能够取得显著的补偿效果。

关键词： 星敏感器 质心定位 S曲线误差 频域分析 误差补偿

S-curve error compensation of centroiding location for star sensors

WEI Xin-Guo¹, XU Jia¹, ZHANG Guang-jun²

1. Key Laboratory of Precision Opto-mechanics Technology of the Ministry of Education, School of Instrumentation Science and Opto-electronics Engineering, Beihang University
2. Key Laboratory of Precision Opto-mechatronics Integration Technology of the Ministry of Education, Beihang University

Abstract: As the S-curve errors are important parts of centroid location errors for star sensors, this paper explored the sources of S-curve errors combining with the physical process of centroid location and a simulation. The specific effect of each error source was analyzed and an analytical expression of S-curve errors was calculated by a frequency domain method. The experiments using a star sensor were performed and the S-curve error in the center of the Field of View (FOV) was collected and was compensated using a sine model. The compensation effects on the S-curve errors in the whole FOV were analyzed by the same compensation model and the calibration data were also compensated. Experimental results show that the standard deviation of S-curve error is 0.048 pixels in the center of the FOV, and 0.027 pixels after compensation, therefore the precision of centroid location is improved by 43.8%. Furthermore, after compensating with the same sine model in the center of the FOV for whole field-curve errors, the precision of centroid location in the whole FOV is improved by 35.7% at least and the precision of calibration is improved by 31.7%. It concludes that the S-curve errors are important errors of star sensors and they can be significantly compensated by using the sine model.

Keywords: Star sensor Centroid location S-curve error Frequency domain analysis Error compensation

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通讯作者: 魏新国

作者简介: 魏新国(1977-), 男, 湖北随州人, 博士, 副教授, 2004年于北京航空航天大学获得博士学位, 主要研究方向为光电精密测量、天体敏感器及天文导航。

作者Email: wxg@buaa.edu.cn

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