

[本期目录] [下期目录] [过刊浏览] [高级检索]

[打印本页] [关闭]

论文

横向应力对保偏光纤偏振耦合特性的影响

蒋治国, 刘继芳, 马琳, 宋家争, 韩彪

(西安电子科技大学 技术物理学院, 西安 710071)

摘要:

在考虑到各向同性光纤和各向异性光纤在横向应力作用下介电常量变化量差别的条件下, 利用弹光效应和折射率椭球得到了外界横向应力与保偏光纤介电常量变化量的关系。采用耦合模理论分析了横向应力作用下保偏光纤偏振耦合特性, 数值模拟了横向应力大小、方向以及作用长度对偏振耦合强度的影响, 应力作用方向与主轴(未受外力)成45°时, 光纤受扰最敏感|输出消光比随力作用长度呈现周期性变化, 力的作用大小不同, 交换能量周期也不同|在应力大小部分区域输出消光比和横向应力大小成线性关系, 结论与已有实验结果一致。

关键词: 保偏光纤 偏振耦合 横向应力 耦合模理论

Characteristic of Polarization Maintaining Fiber Under Transversal Force

JIANG Zhi-guo, LIU Ji-fang, MA Lin, SONG Jia-zheng, HAN Biao

(School of Technical Physics, Xidian University, Xi'an 710071, China)

Abstract:

Based on the photo-elastic effect and index ellipsoid, the relationship between transverse force and dielectric constant variation of polarization maintaining fiber(PMF) was obtained under the consideration of the difference between isotropic and anisotropic optical fiber under transverse force. Polarization coupling characteristic of PMF under transversal force was analyzed based on coupled-mode theory. The relationships between the coupling intensity and the amplitude, direction and the acting length of the transversal force were clarified by numerical simulation. When the direction of force was 45°, the coupling intensity of PMF was the best sensitive to the transversal force. The output extinction ratio changed periodically with acting length of the force, and different amplitude of the force corresponded to different period. The linear relation between the output extinction ratio and the amplitude of transverse force in the part region was found. These characteristics are consistent with previous experimental results.

Keywords: Polarization Maintaining Fiber(PMF) Polarization coupling Transversal force Coupled-mode theory

收稿日期 2010-11-23 修回日期 2011-03-31 网络版发布日期 2011-06-25

DOI: 10.3788/gzxb20114006.0894

基金项目:

航空科学基金(No.20070881001)资助

通讯作者: 蒋治国

作者简介:

参考文献:

- [1] HOTATE K, LENG S O S. Transversal force sensor using polarization-maintaining fiber independent of direction of applied force: proposal and experiment[C]. 15th Optical Fiber Sensors Conference Technical Digest, 2002, 1: 363-366.
- [2] LUO Fei, HUANG Shang-lian. Mode coupling characteristic of high-birefringent fiber under transverse compression disturbance [J]. Journal of Nanjing University of Aeronautics & Astronautics, 1993, 25

扩展功能

本文信息

► Supporting info

► [PDF\(500KB\)](#)

► [HTML](#)

► 参考文献

服务与反馈

► 把本文推荐给朋友

► 加入我的书架

► 加入引用管理器

► 引用本文

► Email Alert

► 文章反馈

► 浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

► 保偏光纤

► 偏振耦合

► 横向应力

► 耦合模理论

本文作者相关文章

► 蒋治国

► 刘继芳

► 马琳

► 韩彪

► 宋家争

(6):753-757.
骆飞,黄尚廉.高双折射光纤受横向应力作用下的模式耦合特性[J].南京航空航天大学学报,1993,25 (6) :753-757.

[3]ZHANG Hong-xia,LIU Hai-tao,JING Wen-cai,et al.Research of stress sensing based on measurement of polarization coupling in polarization-maintaining fiber [J].Journal of Optoelectronics • Laser,2008,19 (11):1442- 1445.

张红霞,刘海涛,井文才,等.保偏光纤偏振耦合应力传感器的研究[J].光电子·激光,2008,19 (11) :1442-1445.

[4]ZHANG Yue-xin.Theoretical study of pressure and temperature detected simultaneously for polarization-sensor[D].Xi'an:Xidian University,2008.1.

张月星.保偏光纤传感器压力温度同时探测的理论研究[D].西安|西安电子科技大学,2008.1.

[5] 彭高华,王国丽.弹性力学基础[M].北京|石油工业出版社,1993:61-62.

[6]TSUBOKAWA M,HIGASHI T,NEGISHI Y.Mode couplings due to external forces distributed along a polarization-maintaining fiber: an evaluation[J].Applied Optics,1988,27(1):166-173.

[7]SASAKI J,KIMURA T.Birefringence and polarization characteristics of single-mode optical fibers under elastic deformations[J].Journal of Quantum Electronics,1981,17(6): 1041-1051.

[8]CHUA T H,CHEN C L.Fiber polarimetric stress sensors[J].Applied Optics,1989,28(15): 3158-3165.

[9]ZHANG Hong-xia,TANG Feng,JING Wen-Cai,et al.Theoretical analysis of distributed stress sensing based on measurement of polarization coupling[J].Chinese Journal of Sensors and Actuators,2007,10 (1):208-212.

张红霞,唐峰,井文才,等.偏振耦合测试在分布式应力传感中的理论分析[J].传感技术学报,2007,10 (1) :208-212.

[10]石顺祥,刘继芳,孙艳玲.光的电磁理论[M].西安:西安电子科技大学出版社,2006:69-71.

[11]CHU P,SAMMUT R.Analytical method for calculation of stresses and material birefringence in polarization-maintaining optical fiber[J].Journal of Lightwave Technology,1984,2(5):650-662.

[12]CHEN Zhe,HU Yong-ming,LI Xiu-juan,et al.The relation between the structure of panda fibers and their birefringences[J].Acta Photonica Sinica,2000,29(12):1127-1130.

陈哲,胡永明,李秀娟,等.熊猫光纤的结构与双折射特性关系研究[J].光子学报,2000,29 (12) :1127-

1130.Polarization Coupling

本刊中的类似文章

1. 李登峰;董会宁;邱怡申;祖小涛.各向同性光波导受到各向同性微扰时的严格矢量耦合模理论[J].光子学报,2006,35(6): 828-831
2. 杨春;高峰.饱和长度对少模光纤光栅影响的数值仿真[J].光子学报, 2005,34(12): 1853-1857
3. 严明; 罗售余; 张智明.连续CO₂激光脉冲制作长周期光纤光栅的研究[J].光子学报, 2005,34(5): 659-661
4. 吴明华,孟义朝.旋转光纤圆起偏器的特性分析[J].光子学报, 2011,40(2): 178-185
5. 徐新华 王青 .线性啁啾莫尔光纤光栅的理论研究[J].光子学报, 2007,36(9): 1618-1623
6. 王海松 李康 孔凡敏 宋磊 梅良模.高效多信道光子晶体滤波器的设计与仿真[J].光子学报, 2008,37(6): 1122-1125
7. 马秀华 毕进子 侯霞 孟俊清 陈卫标.空间用调Q偏振耦合输出棱镜谐振腔特性分析[J].光子学报, 2008,37 (12): 2553-2555
8. 梁华伟 阮双琛 张敏 苏红.太赫兹金属线波导耦合模理论研究[J].光子学报, 2010,39(2): 202-204
9. 徐中南,刘泽金.应用耦合模理论研究光在圆对称双包层光纤中的传输[J].光子学报, 2010,39(10): 1857-1861

文章评论 (请注意:本站实行文责自负, 请不要发表与学术无关的内容!评论内容不代表本站观点.)

反馈人	<input type="text"/>	邮箱地址	<input type="text"/>
反馈标题	<input type="text"/>	验证码	<input type="text"/> 1204
<input type="text"/>			