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### 分级固溶对7A04铝合金组织与性能的影响

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摘 要:研究了分级固溶对7AO4铝合金组织与性能的影响。 结果表明: 7AO4铝合金在470°C,5min+485°C,9min固溶和140°C,6h+150°C,1h时效后的 $\alpha_{\rm b}$ , $\alpha_{\rm 0}$ 2和 $\delta_{\rm 5}$ 分别达到544,6MPa。 498。8MPa和11. 1%。 金相观察发现, 短时分级固溶(470°C,5min+485°C,3°9min)的晶粒尺寸较485°C 单级固溶的细小。断口扫描电镜观察表明, 分级固溶获得了典型的韧宽型断口。 X射线衍射分析结果表明: 470°C,5min+485°C,9min分级固溶后,除少量Al $_2$ Cu外, MgZn。已完全溶解。 能谱分析表明: 未溶相主要为富Fe和Cu的杂质相。 由于470°C,5min+485°C,9min 分级固溶的晶粒比485°C单级固溶的细小,溶质过饱和度达到了500°C,20min单级固溶的水平, 使得时效后的试样获得了最高的力学性能,达到了常规固溶工艺的性能水平。

关键字: 高强铝合金; 分级固溶; 组织; 性能

## Effects of progressive solution treatment on microstructure and mechanical properties of 7A04 aluminum alloy

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**Abstract:** The effects of progressive solution treatment on microstructure and mechanical properties of 7A04 aluminum alloy were investigated. Results indicate that after solutionized under condition of  $470^{\circ}$ C, 5min+ $485^{\circ}$ C, 9min and subsequent aging process of  $140^{\circ}$ C,  $6h+150^{\circ}$ C, 1h,  $\sigma_b$ ,  $\sigma_{0.2}$  and  $\delta_5$  of 7A04 alloy reach 544.6MPa, 498.8MPa and 11.1% respectively. Metallography observation indicates that the grain size after short-time progressive solution treatment  $(470^{\circ}$ C, 5min+ $485^{\circ}$ C, 3-9min) is smaller than that after single-stage solution at  $485^{\circ}$ C. SEM observation indicates that the progressively solutionized sample in tension test behaves as typical dimpled fracture. X-ray diffraction analysis indicates that after progressive solution under the condition of  $470^{\circ}$ C, 5min+ $485^{\circ}$ C, 9min,  $400^{\circ}$ MgZn, as main strengthening phase is totally dissolved except a small amount of  $400^{\circ}$ C,  $400^{\circ}$ 

Key words: high strength aluminum alloy; progressive solution; microstructure; property

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