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精铟的化学清洗提纯

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摘要: 研究精铟的化学清洗提纯过程, 提出甘油碘化钾熔炼及甘油氯化铵熔炼相联合进行化学提纯的方法。研究表明: 该方法可将镉、铊等杂质含量降低到 10^{-6} 以下, 并可直接得到表面光亮平整无杂色的铟电极, 化学清洗提纯工艺简单易操作; 甘油碘化钾熔炼提纯的最佳实验条件是质量比控制在 $m(\text{KI}):m(\text{In}) \geq 0.01$, $m(\text{glycerin}):m(\text{In}) \geq 0.3$, 搅拌时间控制在1 h; 甘油氯化铵处理时氯化铵的用量应控制在 $m(\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}):m(\text{glycerin})=0.15$ 。

关键字: 精铟; 化学清洗; 甘油; 碘化钾; 氯化铵

Chemical purifying process of refined indium

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Abstract: The chemical purifying process of refined indium was studied. In order to remove impurities Cd and Tl effectively, glycerin-KI and glycerin- NH_4Cl were used simultaneously to purify indium. The results show that through this method the contents of impurities Cd and Tl in indium can be reduced to less than 10^{-6} , thus refined indium anode with smooth and bright surface can be gained directly and easily. The best experimental conditions of glycerin-KI are $m(\text{KI}):m(\text{In}) \geq 0.01$, $m(\text{glycerin}):m(\text{In}) \geq 0.3$, and the stirring time should be controlled within 1 h. The ammonium chloride concentration should be controlled within $m(\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}):m(\text{glycerin})=0.15$.

Key words: refined indium; chemical purifying process; glycerin; potassium iodide; ammonium chloride

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