新型无机/有机复合发光材料Eu(aspirin)3phen-MCM-41的光学性能

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摘要 在室温下,将MCM 41和热处理后的发光客体Eu(aspirin)3phen进行组装,通过XRD、N2 吸脱附和PL等表征技术对组装体进行了研究,考察其光致发光性能。结果表明: Eu(aspirin)3phen进入MCM-41孔道后,充当了"二次模板剂",使MCM-41的骨架有序性增加。经热处理后Eu (aspirin)3phen与MCM 41组装后,组装体的发光强度与相应Eu(aspirin)3phen为子出现反演中心,3phen粉末相当。未焙烧的MCM-41表面和稀土有机配合物成键后,Eu(aspirin)3phen分子出现反演中心,5DO→7F2跃迁明显减弱,而焙烧后MCM-41表面对Eu3+的5DO→7F2电偶极跃迁强度没有影响。 关键词 复合材料,MCM-41, Eu(aspirin)3phen,性能,光致发光

Photoluminescence properties of new organic/inorganic composite material Eu(aspirin)3phen-MCM-41

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Abstract Assembly system with MCM-41 as a host, and Eu(aspirin)3phen which had been heat treated as an active optical guest was synthesized at room temperature. The structure and photoluminescence properties of the samples were investigated by XRD, N2 adsorption desorption and PL. The results suggest that the framework order of MCM-41 increases after Eu(aspirin)3phen being incorporated into the channels of MCM-41. The luminescence intensity of Eu(aspirin)3phen-MCM-41, where Eu(aspirin)3phen has been heat treated, is equal to that of Eu(aspirin)3phen powder. The inversion center appears in the Eu (aspirin)3phen molecular, while the surface of MCM-41(before calcining) has bonding with Eu (aspirin)3phen, and then the transition 5D0→7F2 decreases obviously. The surface of MCM-41(after calcining) has no effect on the electric dipole transition 5D0→7F2 of Eu3+.

Key words composite material MCM-41 Eu(aspirin)3phen properties photoluminescence

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扩展功能

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