三维机织陶瓷基复合材料的面内剪切性能及损伤研究

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摘要 采用IOSIPESCU纯剪切试件,考虑纤维的编织结构和失效机理,研究了三维机织碳/碳化硅(C/SiC)复合材料在面内剪切载荷作用下的力学性能和损伤过程. 材料具有明显的非线性应力-应变行为和残余变形等特性. 材料主要的损伤机制为基体微裂纹开裂,界面脱粘和纤维断裂,其中界面裂纹是材料应力-应变等力学行为的主要影响因素. 基于连续介质损伤力学分析方法,提出了简单的损伤演化模型并对损伤演化过程进行了描述.

关键词 陶瓷基复合材料 三维机织 损伤演化模型 临界应变

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Mechanical Properties and Damage Process of a Three-dimensional Woven Ceramic Composite under In-plane Shear Loading

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Abstract The mechanical behavior and damage process of a three-dimensional woven carbon/silicon carbide (C/SiC) composite under in-plane shear loading were investigated with IOSIPESCU specimens in relation with the failure mechanisms and the fiber architecture. The C/SiC composite exhibited several interesting features including an essentially non-linear stress-strain behavior and permanent deformations. The results show that the major damage mechanisms are matrix microcracks cracking, interface debonding and fiber breaking. The delamination cracks affect mainly the stress-strain behavior and the mechanical properties. A damage model is proposed based upon continuum damage mechanics to describe the damage evolution.

Key words <u>ceramic composites</u> <u>3D woven</u> <u>damage model</u> <u>critical strain</u>

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