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W含量对 $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ 复合材料力学性能和 高温氧化性能的影响

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摘 要: 以Mo、W和Si粉为原料, 采用自蔓延热爆合成和热压工艺制备不同W含量的 $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ 复合材料, 研究W含量对 $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ 复合材料的力学性能和高温抗氧化性能的影响。结果表明: 随着W含量的增加, $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ 复合材料的力学性能逐渐增加, 氧化激活能逐渐降低; $(\text{Mo}_{0.5}, \text{W}_{0.5})\text{Si}_2$ 复合材料的室温抗弯强度、1 200 °C高温抗弯强度、硬度和断裂韧性分别为363 MPa、480 MPa、9.28 GPa和3.82 $\text{MPa}\cdot\text{m}^{1/2}$, 与纯 MoSi_2 比较, 分别增加了40.7%、112.4%、12.1%和27.3%; $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ 复合材料在1 673-1 873 K空气中能形成致密的氧化层, 氧化增量符合抛物线规律。

关键字: 二硅化钼; 合金化; 力学性能; 氧化行为

Effect of W content on mechanical properties and high temperature oxidation behavior of $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ composites

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Abstract: $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ composites were prepared by the thermal explosion mode of SHS followed by hot pressing using Mo, W and Si powders as raw materials. The effect of W content on the mechanical properties and high temperature oxidation behavior of $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ composites were studied. The results show that with increasing W content, the mechanical properties of $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ composites gradually increase, and the activation energies of $(\text{Mo}_{1-x}, \text{W}_x)\text{Si}_2$ composites gradually decrease. The room temperature bending strength, high-temperature flexural strength at 1 200 °C, hardness and fracture toughness of $(\text{Mo}_{0.5}, \text{W}_{0.5})\text{Si}_2$ composite are 363 MPa, 480 MPa, 9.28 GPa and 3.82 $\text{MPa}\cdot\text{m}^{1/2}$,

respectively, increased by 40.7%, 112.4%, 12.1% and 27.3% when compared with those of the monolithic MoSi_2 . (Mo_{1-x} , W_x) Si_2 composites can form compact oxidation layers in the air at 1673–1 873 K, and oxidation mass gain is accordance with parabolic law.

Key words: molybdenum disilicide; alloying; mechanical properties; oxidation behavior

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