

论文

基于N-苯基咔唑的红色有机电致发光材料

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摘要 设计合成了一种N-苯基咔唑的衍生物: 3-2-(3, 3-二腈基亚甲基-5, 5-二甲基-1-环己烯基)乙烯基-N-苯基-咔唑 (PNCa-2CN)。PNCa-2CN的甲醇溶液光致发光光谱和固体膜光致发光光谱峰值分别位于598nm和660nm。以PNCa-2CN作为红色发光材料掺杂在Alq3中, 制备了结构为ITO/NPB/ Alq3: PNCa-2CN(5%)/ Alq3/Mg: Ag/Ag的具有较高发光效率的红色有机电致发光器件, 器件的发光峰值为600nm, 在外加20V直流电压时达到2372cd-m<sup>-2</sup>的发光亮度, 100mA·cm<sup>-2</sup>和20mA·cm<sup>-2</sup>其亮度分别为323cd-m<sup>-2</sup>和64cd-m<sup>-2</sup>, 器件最大流明效率达到1.3lm-W<sup>-1</sup>。

关键词 [有机电致发光](#) [红色发光](#) [N-苯基咔唑](#)

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## N-phenyl-carbazole derivative as red dopant in organic electroluminescent device

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**Abstract** A New N-phenyl-carbazole based red dopant 3-2-(3,3-dicyanomethylene- 5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexylidene) vinyl-N-phenyl-carbazole(PNCa-2CN) was designed and synthesized for use in red OLED. The photoluminescence and electroluminescence properties were examined. PNCa-2CN shows red photoluminescence with a peak wavelength at 660nm in the solid film and 598nm in solution. Red organic light emitting device (OLED) with PNCa-2CN was fabricated. OLED has a configuration of ITO/NPB/ Alq3: PNCa-2CN(5%)/ Alq3/Mg: Ag/Ag. The electrical and optical properties of the devices were studied.

**Key words** [organic light emitting diodes](#) [red light emission](#) [n-phenyl-carbazole](#)

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