高度织构NaCo₂O₄陶瓷的热电性能研究

程金光, 隋郁, 付海金, 千正男, 刘志国, 苗继鹏, 苏文辉

哈尔滨工业大学理学院应用物理系凝聚态科学与技术研究中心, 哈尔滨 150001

收稿日期 2005-3-11 修回日期 2005-4-19 网络版发布日期 接受日期

摘要 结合固相反应法和冷高压成型技术制备了具有高度结晶各向异性的热电氧化物陶瓷NaCo₂O₄. X 射线衍射和扫描电子显微镜测试表明冷高压压制成型后烧结有利于样品内层状晶粒的c轴沿着施压方向取向排列, 形成高度织构. 室温以下热电性质的测试表明, 电阻率p和Seebeck系数S呈现出金属性, S>O, 属于p型热电材料. 与其他方法制备的样品进行比较, 虽然晶界或点缺陷对声子散射的减少导致上述样品的热导率偏高, 但是由于 \rho降低、S升高, 使得热电品质因子ZT值提高, 300K时ZT值达到0.013.

关键词 NaCo2O4陶瓷 高度织构 热电性能

分类号 TN37

Thermoelectric Properties of Highly Textured $NaCo_2O_4$ Ceramics

CHENG Jin-Guang, SUI Yu, FU Hai-Jin, QIAN Zheng-Nan, LIU Zhi-Guo, MIAO Ji-Peng, SU Wen-Hui Center for Condensed Matter Science and Technology, Department of Applied Physics, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, China

Abstract NaCo $_2$ O $_4$ thermoelectric oxide ceramics with high crystallographic anisotropy were synthesized successfully by combining the traditional solid-state reaction and cold high pressure compacting method. XRD and SEM measurements show that the sintering after cold-high-pressure compacting is helpful to align the c-axis of layered grain within the sample along the pressing direction, i.e. the sample is highly textured. The thermoelectric properties of NaCo $_2$ O $_4$, measured below room temperature exhibit a metallic behavior in both the resistivity ρ and Seebeck

coefficient S. The sign of S is positive, indicating a p-type thermoelectric material. Compared with the samples prepared with other methods, although the thermal conductivity is higher due to the suppression of the phonon scattering by grain boundary or point defect, the above sample exhibits lower ρ and higher S which leads to the improvement of the ZT value that reaches 0.013 at 300K.

Key words NaCo2O4 ceramics high texture thermoelectric properties

DOI:

扩展功能 本文信息

- Supporting info
- ▶ <u>PDF</u>(499KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶<u>文章反馈</u>
- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

▶ <u>本刊中 包含"NaCo2O4陶瓷"的</u> 相关文章

▶本文作者相关文章

- 程金光
- 隋郁
- · 付海金
 - 千正男
 - 刘志国
 - 苗继鹏
 - 苏文辉