

本期目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

[打印本页] [关闭]

## 论文

## T型通道挤压变形Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce合金的超塑性和组织演变

康志新, 彭勇辉, 桑静, 简炜炜, 赵海东, 李元元

1. 华南理工大学机械与汽车工程学院; 国家金属材料近净成形工程技术研究中心; 金属新材料制备与成形广东省重点实验室
2. 华南理工大学
- 3.
4. 华南理工大学机械与汽车工程学院

## 摘要:

采用T型通道挤压(TCP)对Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce合金(质量分数, %)进行了4道次热挤压变形, 其平均晶粒尺寸由原始轧制态的35  $\mu\text{m}$ 细化至2  $\mu\text{m}$ ; TEM观察表明, 经TCP变形后细小的第二相粒子Mg<sub>12</sub>Ce弥散分布于晶内及晶界处。变形合金在573-673 K及 $1 \times 10^{-1}$ - $4 \times 10^{-4}$   $\text{s}^{-1}$ 应变速率范围内显示良好的超塑性变形; 在温度为673 K及 $3 \times 10^{-3}$   $\text{s}^{-1}$ 条件下, 得到最大的断裂延伸率为604%, 应变速率敏感系数 $m$ 为0.36。超塑性变形后断裂区域显微组织观察表明, Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce合金超塑性变形的主要机制为晶界滑移, 在较高温度、较低应变速率条件下超塑性变形时出现晶内滑移现象, 作为超塑性变形的协调机制促进晶界滑移, 随应变速率的降低或温度的升高晶内滑移越明显。

关键词: [Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce合金](#) T型通道挤压 细化晶粒 高应变速率 超塑性 晶界滑移

## SUPERPLASTICITY AND MICROSTRUCTURE EVOLUTION IN Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce ALLOY DEFORMED BY T-SHAPE CHANNEL PRESSING

KANG Zhixin, PENG Yonghui, SANG Jing, JIAN Weiwei, ZHAO Haidong, LI Yuanyuan

华南理工大学机械与汽车工程学院国家金属材料近净成形工程技术研究中心, 广州 510640

## Abstract:

Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce alloy was deformed by T-shape channel pressing (TCP) for four passes at 623 K, and the grain size is greatly refined from 35  $\mu\text{m}$  to 2  $\mu\text{m}$ , and a number of tiny Mg<sub>12</sub>Ce dispersively distributes in intragranular and intergranular regions. Superplastic deformation behavior of TCP deformed alloy was investigated at temperatures ranging from 573 K to 673 K and strain rates ranging from  $1 \times 10^{-1}$   $\text{s}^{-1}$  to  $4 \times 10^{-4}$   $\text{s}^{-1}$ , and the microstructure evolution after tensile-to-failure was also analyzed. The experimental results indicated that the alloy deformed by TCP exhibits excellent superplasticity even in the condition of high strain rate at temperatures from 623 K to 673 K. The maximum elongation of 604 % is obtained at 673 K and a strain rate of  $3 \times 10^{-3}$   $\text{s}^{-1}$ , and its strain rate sensitivity  $m$  is 0.36. Grain boundary sliding is the primary mechanism of the superplastic deformation, and intragranular slip would become more obvious at lower strain rate and higher temperature, and plays an accommodated role in promoting grain boundary sliding during the deformation.

Keywords: Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce alloy T-shape channel pressing grain refinement high strain rate superplasticity grain boundary sliding

收稿日期 2009-02-16 修回日期 2009-05-05 网络版发布日期 2009-08-18

DOI:

扩展功能
本文信息
▶ Supporting info
▶ PDF( <u>2464KB</u> )
▶ [HTML全文]
▶ 参考文献[PDF]
▶ 参考文献
服务与反馈
▶ 把本文推荐给朋友 <a href="#">Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce合金</a>   <a href="#">T型通道挤压</a>   <a href="#">细化晶粒</a>   <a href="#">高应变速率</a>   <a href="#">超塑性</a>   <a href="#">晶界滑移</a>
▶ "几篇好文章, 特向您推荐。 请点击下面的网址: " <a href="#">name=neirong&gt;</a>
▶ 加入我的书架
▶ 加入引用管理器
▶ 引用本文
▶ Email Alert
▶ 文章反馈
▶ 浏览反馈信息
本文关键词相关文章
▶ <a href="#">Mg-1.5Mn-0.3Ce合金</a>
▶ <a href="#">T型通道挤压</a>
▶ <a href="#">细化晶粒</a>
▶ <a href="#">高应变速率</a>
▶ <a href="#">超塑性</a>
▶ <a href="#">晶界滑移</a>
本文作者相关文章
▶ 康志新
▶ 彭勇辉
▶ 桑静
▶ 简炜炜
▶ 赵海东
▶ 李元元
PubMed
▶ Article by Kang,Z.X
▶ Article by Peng,Y.H
▶ Article by Sang,J
▶ Article by Jian,W.W
▶ Article by Diao,H.D
▶ Article by Li,Y.Y

通讯作者：康志新

作者简介：康志新，男，1962年生，教授，博士

作者Email: zxkang@scut.edu.cn

参考文献：

- [1] Mordike B L, Ebert T. Mater Sci Eng, 2001; A302: 37
- [2] Kang Z X, Mori K, Oishi Y. Surf Coat Technol, 2005; 195: 162
- [3] Valiev R Z, Islamgaliev R K, Alexandrov I V. Prog Mater Sci, 2000; 45: 103
- [4] Stolyarov V V, Zhu Y T, Lowe T C, Valiev R Z. Mater Sci Eng, 2001; A303: 82
- [5] Guo Q, Yan H G, Chen Z H, Zhang H. Acta Metall Sin, 2006; 42: 739  
(郭 强, 严红军, 陈振华, 张 辉. 金属学报, 2006; 42: 739)
- [6] Jian W W, Kang Z X, Li Y Y. Chin J Nonferrous Met, 2008; 18: 1005  
(简炜炜, 康志新, 李元元. 中国有色金属学报, 2008; 18: 1005)
- [7] Mabuchi M, Higashi K. Mater Trans, 1999; 40: 787
- [8] Kai M, Horita Z, Langdon T G. Mater Sci Eng, 2008; A488: 117
- [9] Figueiredo R B, Langdon T G. Mater Sci Eng, 2006; A430: 151
- [10] Watanabe H, Mukai T, Ishikawa K, Higashi K. Scr Mater, 2002; 46: 851
- [11] Kang Z X, Jian W W, Ye Q, Xia W, Li Y Y. Chin Pat 200710030188.4, 2009  
(康志新, 简炜炜, 叶 奇, 夏伟, 李元元. 中国发明专利, 200710030188.4, 2009)
- [12] Jian W W, Kang Z X, Li Y Y. Trans Nonferrous Met Soc Chin, 2007; 17: 1158
- [13] Bussiba A, Ben-Artzy A, Shtechman A, Ifergan S, Kupiec M. Mater Sci Eng, 2001; A302: 56
- [14] Wang Q D, Wei Y H, Chino Y, Mabuchi M. Rare Met, 2008; 27: 46
- [15] Langdon T G. Mater Sci Eng, 1994; A174: 225
- [16] Mohri T, Mabuchi M, Nakamura M, Asahina T, Iwasaki H, Aizawa T, Higashi K. Mater Sci Eng, 2000; A290: 139
- [17] Wu X, Liu Y. Scr Mater, 2002; 46: 269
- [18] Somekawa H, Hirai K, Watanabe H, Takigawa Y, Higashi K. Mater Sci Eng, 2005; A407: 53
- [19] Lin Z R. Principle and Application of Superplastic Forming in Metals. Beijing: Aviation Industry Press, 1990: 8  
(林兆荣. 金属超塑性成型原理及应用. 北京: 航空工业出版社, 1990: 8)
- [20] Tan J C, Tan M J. Mater Sci Eng, 2003; A339: 124
- [21] Liu R G, Jiang H M, Jiang Y, Peng F L, Yin F L, Zhang H Z. Acta Metall Sin, 1996; 32: 1244  
(刘润广, 蒋浩民, 姜 \\\ 勇, 彭福林, 尹福林, 张宏征. 金属学报, 1996; 32: 1244)
- [22] Watanabe H, Mukai T, Mabuchi M, Higashi K. Scr Mater, 1999; 41: 209
- [23] Mabuchi M, Higashi K. Philos Mag, 1996; 74: 887
- [24] Mishra R S, Bieler T R, Mukherjee A K. Acta Mater, 1997; 45: 561
- [25] Chen Z H, Liu J W, Chen D, Yan H G. Chin J Nonferrous Met, 2008; 18: 193  
(陈振华, 刘俊伟, 陈 \\\ 鼎, 严红军. 中国有色金属学报, 2008; 18: 193)

本刊中的类似文章

文章评论

反馈人	<input type="text"/>	邮箱地址	<input type="text"/>
反馈标题	<input type="text"/>	验证码	<input type="text"/> 4301

Copyright by 金属学报