

[本期目录](#) | [下期目录](#) | [过刊浏览](#) | [高级检索](#)[\[打印本页\]](#) [\[关闭\]](#)**研究论文****700℃ 熔盐电解制备固态钛铁合金化合物**廖先杰<sup>1</sup>; 翟玉春<sup>1</sup>; 谢宏伟<sup>1</sup>; 张懿<sup>2</sup>1.东北大学材料与冶金学院 沈阳 110004  
2.中国科学院过程工程研究所 北京 100080**摘要:**

采用熔盐电解法, 在700℃的NaCl--CaCl<sub>2</sub>熔盐体系中直接电解固态金属氧化物制备钛铁合金化合物, 以固态Fe粉和TiO<sub>2</sub>粉混合物为阴极, 石墨棒为阳极, 刚玉坩埚电解槽, 槽电压3.4 V。结果表明, Fe粉和TiO<sub>2</sub>粉被电解得到钛铁合金。本文对Fe和TiO<sub>2</sub>不同配比阴极进行了研究, 发现不同铁含量的阴极产物不同, 在前7 h内随着铁元素含量的增加电解反应速度提高。

**关键词:** 材料合成与加工工艺 电化学 电脱氧 熔盐 钛铁合金 TiFe, Fe<sub>2</sub>Ti**Preparation of solid state Fe-Ti alloy compound by FFC in molten salts at 700°C**LIAO Xianjie<sup>1</sup>; ZHAI Yuchun<sup>1</sup>; XIE Hongwei<sup>1</sup>; ZHANG Yi<sup>2</sup>1.School of Material and Metallurgy; Northeastern University; Shenyang 110014  
2.Institute of the Process Engineering Research; Chinese Academy of Sciences; Beijing 100080**Abstract:**

The Ti-Fe alloy compound was prepared by FFC in the molten salts at 700°C. The preformed cathode feed was fabricated with the slurry of mixing TiO<sub>2</sub> and Fe powder. The graphite rod was used as the anode in the corundum crucible. At cell voltage of 3.4 V, electro-deoxidation was carried out. With different stoichiometric ratios of Fe and TiO<sub>2</sub> powder, different currency-time plots were gotten, which showed that the more Fe addition, the quicker the reaction speed is during the first 7 hours deoxidation.

**Keywords:** synthesizing and processing technics electrochemical TiFe Fe<sub>2</sub>Ti molten salts electro-deoxidation**收稿日期** 2008-09-01 **修回日期** 2008-12-22 **网络版发布日期** 2009-10-10**DOI:****基金项目:**

国家自然科学基金50674026资助项目。

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