## 电子束照射下金属/陶瓷纳米微粒的生成及接合机理

Formation and bonding mechanisms of metal/ceramics nanoparticles under electron beam irradiation

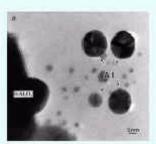
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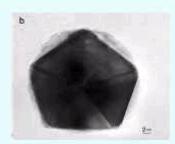
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用高分辨透射电子显微术原位动态(In-situ Observation)观察分析及其它近代物理分析方法,研究了金属纳米微粒的形成机理;金属/金属、金属/陶瓷、金属/洋葱状富勒烯等纳米微粒接合界面形成机理、界面结构特征与其性能之间的关系。通过理论分析和实验研究,从原子、电子结构层次上阐明界面结构与其物理性能之间的相关性。为创制和发展应用于高新技术的多功能纳米复合材料,建立纳米微粒的表征理论和界面理论提供理论依据和实验数据。

## ● 主要研究成果与重要进展

- 1.首次制备出了表面无氧化的具有十面体、二十面体的AI纳米微粒;
- 2.为研究纳米材料提供了有效的实验方法;
- 3.建立了电子束照射下金属/金属、金属/陶瓷界面形成(团聚)理论模型;
- 4.为研究纳米材料的过热、团聚等提供了可靠的实验数据;
- 5.原子级层次原位动态观察研究了金属/金属、金属/陶瓷纳米微粒的接合过程。





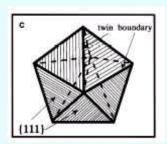




Fig.1 a) Image of oxide-free AI nanoparticles from # -Al2O2 under electron beam irradiation.

- b) a Al nano-decahedral particle.
  c) model of a nano-decahedral particle.
- d) diffraction patterns of a nano-decahedral particle.

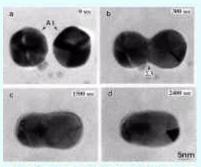


Fig.2 The sequence of bonding formation between two Al nano decahedra particles under irradiation at a beam intensity 3.3X10<sup>20</sup> e/cm<sup>2</sup>:s for various time.

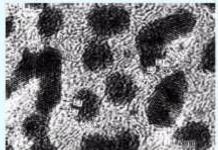


Fig.3 Bonded Pt/Pt nanoparticles had tilt boundaries Σ3 and Σ11.

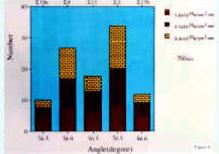


Fig.4 A histogram of tilt angle around [001] axis of Pt/Pt boundary under electron irradiation at thre intensities for 700 sec.

## ● 论文、专利与获奖

本成果在Scripta Materialia、Nanostructured Materials等杂志发表学术论文20余篇, 获山西省科技进步理论成果二等奖一项,申请专利3项。