



碲化锌修饰掺铜硒化锌量子点的合成

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Synthesis of ZnTe Modified Cu Ion Doped ZnSe Quantum Dots

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摘要 以巯基丙酸 (mercaptopropionic acid, MPA) 作为稳定剂, 在水相中合成Cu离子掺杂的ZnSe量子点 (quantum dots, QDs), 并以ZnTe修饰其表面 (ZnSe: Cu/ZnTe QDs). 采用X射线衍射 (X-ray diffraction, XRD)、高分辨透射电子显微镜 (high resolution transmission electronic microscopy, HRTEM)、紫外可见吸收光谱 (ultraviolet-visible spectroscopy, UV-VIS) 和光致发光 (photoluminescence, PL) 荧光光度计对其结构、相貌和光学特性进行表征。结果表明, 合成所得荧光量子点的大小为4~6 nm; 当激发波长325 nm时, 荧光发射峰约为510 nm; 经160 °C热处理后, 荧光发射峰会红移至 540 nm 左右, 初步说明ZnTe的修饰会改变ZnSe: Cu量子点荧光发射峰的位置。

关键词: ZnSe:Cu 光致发光 表面修饰 热处理

Abstract: This paper studies synthesis of ZnSe quantum dots (QDs) doped with Cu ion in an aqueous solution by using 3-mercaptopropionic acid (MPA) as ligand, and then modified its surface by ZnTe (ZnSe: Cu/ZnTe). The structure, morphology and optical properties of QDs are characterized with X-ray diffraction (XRD), high resolution transmission electronic microscopy (HRTEM), ultraviolet-visible spectroscopy (UV-VIS) and photoluminescence (PL) spectroscopy. The sizes of QDs obtained were 4~6 nm. Under an excitation wavelength of 325 nm, peaks of ZnSe: Cu/ZnTe at 510 nm were observed. Especially, the peaks moved to 540 nm after a heat processing at 160 °C. The facts indicate that the fluorescence emission peak's positions of ZnSe: Cu QDs capped by ZnTe surface modification can be changed.

Keywords: ZnSe:Cu, photoluminescence (PL), surface modification, heat processing

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