国土资源遥感 2008, 19(4) 92-95 DOI: ISSN: 1001-070X CN: 11-2514/P

本期目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

[打印本页] [关闭]

技术应用

稻城地区遥感蚀变信息提取研究

段元彬1, 刘登忠1, 徐韬2, 徐争强1, 崔志强1, 赵培松1

1. 成都理工大学,成都 610059; 2. 四川省遥感中心,成都 610081

摘要:

根据围岩蚀变在多波段遥感图像(TM)上具有的光谱特征,利用比值分析、主成分分析及比值增强后主成分分析等方法,对

四川省稻城地区围岩蚀变信息进行提取和分析,通过多层次的筛选和评估提取矿区异常区,制作遥感异常图。 关键词: 遥感; 围岩蚀变; 比值; 主成分分析; 信息筛选评估

THE EXTRACTION OF REMOTELY SENSED ALTERATION INFORMATION FROM DAOCHENG AREA

DUAN Yuan-bin1, LIU Deng-zhong1, XU Tao2, XU Zheng-qiang1, CUI Zhi-qiang1, ZHAO Peisong1

1. Chengdu University of Technology, Chengdu 610059, China; 2.. Remote Sensing Centre of Sichuan Province; Chengdu 610081, China

Abstract:

Abundant spectral and continuous spatial information of the satellite TM data is being applied

extensively. On the basis of analyzing spectral characteristics of TM image data and according to spectral

characteristics of rocks and ores as well as the theory of extracting information from remote sensing data, this

paper utilized such methods as band ratio, principal component analysis and principal component analysis after

ratio strengthening to extract mineralization-alteration information. Through sieving and evaluation, the

prospecting target can be delineated and the remote sensing map can be drawn.

Keywords: Remote sensing Wall-rock alteration Ratio method Principle analysis sieving and evaluation

收稿日期 2008-05-07 修回日期 2008-07-07 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

通讯作者: 段元彬(1979-), 男,硕士研究生,主要从事遥感地质应用研究。

作者简介:

作者Email:

参考文献:

本刊中的类似文章

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ PDF(636KB)
- ▶[HTML全文]
- ▶参考文献[PDF]
- ▶ 参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶ 引用本文
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

遥感; 围岩蚀变; 比值; 主 成分分析; 信息筛选评估

本文作者相关文章

- ▶ 段元彬
- ▶刘登忠
- ▶ 徐韬
- ▶徐争强
- ▶崔志强
- ▶赵培松

PubMed

- Article by Duan, Y. B.
- Article by Liu, D. Z.
- Article by Xu, T.
- Article by Xu, Z. Q.
- Article by Cui, Z. Q.
- Article by Zhao, P. S.

反 馈 人	邮箱地址	
反 馈 标 题	验证码	1681

Copyright by 国土资源遥感