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Estimating and Validating the Net Primary Production of ADEOS-II/GLI Global Mosaic and 250-m Spatial Resol

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Abstract

High-accuracy estimation of the net primary production (NPP) of ve the study of the carbon cycle and the biotic response to climatic war estimated the NPP of vegetation using Advanced Earth Observing S Imager (GLI) data with a modified vegetation index based on the ur decomposition method.

The NPP was estimated using GLI 250-m data sets and ground obstemperature and solar radiation. The results agreed with the NPP casurvey data gathered in Nara, Japan, within the limit of estimation end The annual NPP was estimated using v210 global mosaic data, air t the European Centre for Medium-range Weather Forecasts, and GI active radiation (PAR) data. The result was compared to the NPP c use efficiency-based method using the normalized difference vegeta NPP for the latter was less than in our results for areas near the equ may be due to the NDVI saturation for dense vegetation.

Using the GLI PAR data, the global annual NPP was estimated at (value is similar to that reported by the Intergovernmental Panel on (and $62.6PgCyr^{-1})^{31}$) and the Moderate-resolution Imaging Spectre (56.04 $PgCyr^{-1})^{32}$).

Keywords: cedar forest, field validation, global net primary produc



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