

论文

真空吸气剂PdO 粉末的微观结构

上海交通大学制冷与低温工程研究所, 上海200240

摘要:

为了研究真空多层绝热储罐中PdO 粉末对H₂ 的吸附机理,利用ASAP2010 型物理吸附仪,在77 K 下对PdO 粉末进行高纯N₂ 吸附和脱附,分析其微观结构. 结果表明: PdO 粉末的吸附等温线属于第Ⅲ类吸附等温线,起始部分满足BET 二常数公式;在吸附等温线中间段,发生毛细孔凝聚,吸附量急剧增加;吸附等温线和脱附等温线之间存在着滞后环,当相对压力达到0. 9 时,出现吸附饱和现象; PdO 粉末的固体孔结构多为中孔,孔结构是两端都开放的管状毛细孔, PdO 粉末比表面积为14. 669 m² / g,孔容积为0. 030 984 cm³ / g,孔径范围为1. 700 ~20. 000 nm,平均孔径为8. 449 nm.

关键词: 微观结构 吸气剂 吸附等温线 比表面积 孔容积 孔径分布

Microstructure Analysis of Vacuum Getter PdO Powder

Institute of Refrigeration and Cryogenic Engineering, Shanghai Jiaotong University, Shanghai 200240, China

Abstract:

In order to study the H₂ adsorption mechanism of PdO powder in the vacuum multilayer insulated tank, adsorption and desorption of high purity N₂ with PdO powder were carried out at 77 K using a Micromeritics ASAP2010 automated instrument, and the microstructure of the PdO powder was analyzed. Experimental results showed that the N₂ absorption isotherm of the PdO powder belonged to type Ⅲ, and the initial stage of the isotherm could be explained by two-constant BET (Brunauer-Emmett-Teller) equation. An abrupt increase in the adsorbance occurred to the middle part of the adsorption isotherm because of capillary condensation. There was a hysteresis loop between the adsorption isotherm and the desorption isotherm. The saturated absorption was achieved when the relative pressure of N₂ arrived at 0. 9. The PdO powder was mainly of mesoporous structure. The pores were tubular in shape and open at both ends. The specific surface area of the PdO powder was 14. 669 m² / g; the total pore volume was 0. 030 984 cm³ / g; and the pore size, with a mean size of 8. 449 nm, was distributed in the range of 1. 700 to 20. 000 nm,

Keywords: microstructure getter adsorption isotherm specific surface area pore volume pore size distribution

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI: 10. 3969/ j. issn. 0258-2724.

基金项目:

通讯作者:

作者简介:

参考文献:

本刊中的类似文章

1. 王春雷;姜崇喜;谢 强;冯 涛 .析晶过程中盐渍土的微观结构变化 [J]. 西南交通大学学报, 2007,42(1): 66-69
2. 罗治平;陶佑卿;陈成澎.高锰无磁钢经循环变形后的微观结构[J]. 西南交通大学学报, 1993,28(2): 47-51

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ PDF(649KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文]
- ▶ 参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ 引用本文
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

- ▶ 微观结构
- ▶ 吸气剂
- ▶ 吸附等温线
- ▶ 比表面积
- ▶ 孔容积
- ▶ 孔径分布

本文作者相关文章

- ▶ 陈树军
- ▶ 汪荣顺

PubMed

- ▶ Article by Chen, S. J.
- ▶ Article by Hong, R. S.

文章评论 (请注意: 本站实行文责自负, 请不要发表与学术无关的内容! 评论内容不代表本站观点.)

反馈人	<input type="text"/>	邮箱地址	<input type="text"/>
反馈标题	<input type="text"/>	验证码	<input type="text" value="1328"/>