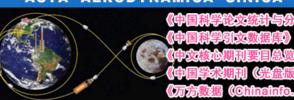


### ACTA AERODYNAMICA SINICA

## 主管:中国空气动力研究与发展中心 主办:中国空气动力学会



《中国学术期刊交摘》(中、英文版) 美国国际宇航文统(IAA) 俄罗斯文摘杂志(AJ) 美国剑桥科学文统(GSA)

首页 | 关于本刊 | 编委会 | 投稿指南 | 期刊订阅 | 下载中心 | 学术会议 | 联系我们 | English

空气动力学学报 » 2011, Vol. 29 » Issue (05):619-627 DOI: 130.25/j.issn.0258-1825.2011.05.014

简报

最新目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

弹性悬挂弯扭耦合颤振模型表面压力分布的时空特性及颤振机理分析

周志勇1,杨立坤2,葛耀君1

1.同济大学土木工程防灾国家重点实验室,上海200092; 2.天津市市政工程设计研究院,天津 300000

# Anlysis on the flutter mechanism and the charateristic of the surface pressure for the flexible suspension rigid model

ZHOU Zhi-yong<sup>1</sup>, YANG Li-kun<sup>2</sup>,GE Yao-jun<sup>1</sup>

1.State Key Laboratory for Disaster Reduction in Civil Engineering, Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, China; 2.Tianjin Municipal Engineering Design Academe, Tianjin 300000, China

- 摘要
- 参考文献
- 相关文章

Download: PDF (7379KB) HTML (1KB) Export: BibTeX or EndNote (RIS) Supporting Info

摘要 实际应用中,桥梁颤振稳定性可用风洞试验的结果作为评估标准,但颤振时断面的压力空间分布特征是不清楚的。本文对弹性悬挂的刚体模型在颤振时及固定时(来流风速与颤振风速一致)的表面压力进行采样,首先分析模型在颤振时的表面各部分压力特性,结果显示,右部压力相位相当于左部具有滞后性,表明是受迎风侧特征湍流影响的被动区域。随后运用本征正交分解(POD)方法分析模型表面压力分布特征与颤振发散性运动之间的关系,结果显示,所获得的本征模态中存在与颤振扭转发散运动关联极强的'主导颤振模态',该模态对总升力矩系数波动的贡献占绝对主导地位,其主坐标频率与颤振频率一致且具有与振动位移一致的发散性,但其归一化空间分布特征在断面颤振过程中不变化。结合模型在固定时的本征模态分析结果,除颤振主导模态外,其余模态均能在固定时的本征模态中找到类似空间分布的模态,且与断面发散性运动的关联性很小。本文工作为今后颤振机理分析提供了一个新的思路与方法。

#### 关键词: 弯扭耦合颤振 节段模型测压 POD分析 主导颤振模态 颤振机理

Abstract: AbstractThe flutter stability of bridges could be evaluated based on the wind tunnel test. However, the spatial distribution of the surface pressures on the section is unclear. In this paper, the surface pressures of the flexible suspension rigid model in the static and fluttering condition are both acquired with the same flow velocity. Based on analyzing the distribution of the surface pressures, the relationship between the pressures and flutter is gained by the proper orthogonal decomposition (POD) method. The result shows that one of the eigen modes has a strong association to the flutter with a dominant role to the torsion coefficience, so this mode is called 'dominant flutter mode'. Meanwhile, its normalized spatial distribution remains unchange during fluttering with the same frequency and divergence of the vibration. The other modes are hardly relevance to the flutter. We can also find that the pressure of the right part of the section is lagged to the left part since the right part is the passive region with the impact of the characteristic turbulence of the windward. Comparing with the result of the static condition, there is no any other similar modes expect the 'dominant flutter mode'. This paper will provide a new method to research the flutter mechanism.

**Keywords:** coupled bending and torsional flutter, pressure measure of the scale section, POD, dominant flutter mode, flutter mechanism

收稿日期: 2010-10-17;

作者简介:周志勇(1971-),男,江西人,研究员,研究方向:计算流体动力学.

#### 引用本文:

周志勇,杨立坤,葛耀君·弹性悬挂弯扭耦合颤振模型表面压力分布的时空特性及颤振机理分析[J] 空气动力学学报,2011,V29(05):619-627

ZHOU Zhi-Yong, YANG Li-Kun, GE Yao-Jun- . Anlysis on the flutter mechanism and the charateristic of the surface pressure for the flexible

#### Service

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ RSS

## 作者相关文章

- ▶ 周志勇
- ▶ 杨立坤
- ▶葛耀君

suspension rigid model[J] , 2011, V29(05): 619-627

链接本文

http://kqdlxxb.cars.org.cn/Jweb\_aas/CN/130.25/j.issn.0258-1825.2011.05.014 或 http://kqdlxxb.cars.org.cn/Jweb\_aas/CN/Y2011/V29/I05/619

- [1] SCANLAN R H. Airfoil and bridge deck flutter derivatives [J] . J. Eng. Mech. Div. ,1997 (6): 1717-1737.
- [2] WYATT T A, WALSHE D E. Bridge aerodynamics 50 years after the Tacoma Narrows 1: The Tacoma failure and after[J]. Journal of Wind Engineering and Industrail Aerodynamics, 1992, 40: 317-326.
- [3] 杨詠昕·桥梁颤振机理研究及其应用[D]·[博士学位论文]·同济大学, 1998.
- [4] Allan Larsen. Aerodynamics of the Tamoca Narrows Bridge 60 years later [R]. Structural Engineering International, 2000: 243-248, Hongkong.
- [5] 张伟, 葛耀君·基于修正湍流冻结假设桥梁断面旋涡脱落分析[J]. 同济大学学报(自然科学版), 2008, 36 (10):1307-1311.
- [6] 倪振华,江棹荣,谢壮宁,本征正交分解技术及其在预测屋盖风压场中的应用[J].振动工程学报,2007,20(1).
- [7] ARMITT J. Eigenvector analysis of pressure fluctuations on the West Burton instrumented cooling tower [R]. Central Electricity Research Labo ratories (U K), Internal Report RD/L/N 114/68, 1968.
- [8] HOLMES J D. Analysis and synthesis of pressure fluctuations on bluff bodies using eigenvectors [J]. J.Wind Eng. Ind. Aerodyn, 1990, 33: 219-230.
- [9] BIENKIEWICZ B, TAMURA Y, HAM H J, UEDA H, HIBI K.Proper orthogonal decomposition and reconstruction of multi channel roof pressure[J]. J. Wind Eng. Ind.Aerodyn., 1995, 54/55: 369-381.
- [10] 罗飞,杨文平,姚永龙.斜拉桥钢箱梁涡振性能风洞试验研究[J].四川建筑,2005,25(1).

没有找到本文相关文献

Copyright 2010 by 空气动力学学报