

技术与方法

多基因离散性状QTL连锁分析方法

段宏伟¹, 2, 张倩²
1. 安徽农业大学动物科学学院, 合肥 230036; 2. 中国农业大学动物科技学院, 北京 100094
摘要

动物中有许多重要的离散性状, 与常规的显性性状类似。其遗传基础受多基因控制和受到环境因素的修饰。由于多基因离散性状的表型特殊性, 利用传统的QTL连锁分析方法很难得到理想的定位结果。本文就目前离散性状的QTL连锁分析方法作简要归纳, 并对可能的改进方法进行了展望。

关键词

基因座, QTL, 离散性状, 方法学进展

分类号 C149

Methodology of QTL's Linkage Analysis for Discrete Traits Controlled by Polygenes

YIN Zheng-hui^{1, 2}, ZHANG Qian²

1. College of Animal Science and Technology, Anhui Agricultural University, Hefei 230036, China;

2. College of Animal Science and Technology, China Agricultural University, Beijing 100094, China

Abstract Many traits of biological interest and economical importance that are not inherited in a simple Mendelian fashion vary in a discrete form. These traits are called complex discrete traits. A complex discrete trait is presumably controlled by several genes, and characteristic of the trait is modified by environmental effects. Although methods of mapping QTL for continuous quantitative characters have been well developed, such methods for discrete characters are not available yet. So many non-linear methods were developed under the framework of the generalized linear model. In this paper, we reviewed the recent progress and improvement of the methods for QTL mapping in this field.

Key words 基因座, QTL, 离散性状, 方法学进展

DOI

通讯作者 邮政编 230036

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