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规模化牛场犊牛直肠细菌多样性分析

Analysis of microbial diversity in rectum of calf in largescale cattle farm

投稿时间: 2011-11-22 最后修改时间: 2011-1-18

中文关键词: 关键词: 犊牛直肠, 微生物多样性, RFLP, 16S rRNA 序列

英文关键词:Keywords: calf rectum microbial diversity RFLP 16S rRNA sequence

基金项目:

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中文摘要:

摘要:【目的】研究腹泻犊牛直肠细菌多样性,以及与健康犊牛直肠细菌多样性的差异。【方法】通过建立直肠菌群16S rRNA 基因克隆文库,分别用限制性内切酶Msp I 和Hha I 对阳性克隆的PCR 产物进行限制性酶切片段长度多态性(RFLP)分析,通过测定16S rRNA 基因序列,绘制系统发育树,确定犊牛直肠菌群的组成。【结果】腹泻组克隆阳性率达98. 75%(474 /480),优势菌群以乳杆菌属(14%)、肠球菌属(10%) 和埃希菌属(8%)等需氧和兼性厌氧菌为主,健康组克隆阳性率达96. 45%(488/506),优势菌群以梭菌属(13%)、双歧杆菌属(8%)和巨型球菌属(5%)等专性厌氧菌为主。【结论】2 周龄犊牛直肠菌群复杂多样,并且具有自己的独特性菌群,且腹泻时乳杆菌属、肠球菌属、埃希氏菌属等显著增加。

英文摘要:

Abstract: [Objective] To analyze the diversity of bacterial community in rectum of diarrheic calves, and differences with health calves. [Methods] 16S rRNA clone libraries were constructed, positive clones were digested by Msp I and Hha I for restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP), and then a phylogenetic tree was depicted based on the 16S rRNA sequencing, to confirm the compose of microbe in the diarrheic calf rectum. [Results] The positive rate of clone was 98. 75% (474/480) in diarrheic calves, the dominant bacteria included Lactobacillus (14%), Enterococcus (10%) and Escherichia (8%). The positive rate of clone was 96. 45% (488/506) in health samples, the dominant bacteria included Clostridium (13%), Bifidobacterium (8%), Megasphaera (5%). [Conclusion] Complexity and diversity of bacterial community in rectum in 2 weeks old calves had their own features, and significant increase of Lactobacillus, Enterococcus and Escherichia was found in diarrhea calves.

许强, 康立超, 薄新文, 马勋. 规模化牛场犊牛直肠细菌多样性分析. 微生物学报, 2012, 52(3):304-310

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