

# 核转录因子结合活性与血管平滑肌细胞增殖的关系 Nuclear Transcription Factor Binding Activity and Proliferation of Vascular Smooth Muscle Cell

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**摘要** 通过培养血管平滑肌细胞(VSMC)的直接细胞计数显示自发性高血压大鼠SHR的细胞增殖快于正常血压大鼠WKY;应用DNA-蛋白质凝胶漂移泳动技术比较SHR和WKY的VSMC核转录因子Ap1、Ap2、GRE、CREB、Sp1、CTF/NF1、NF-κB结合活性,发现SHR的CTF/NF1和NF-κB结合活性高于WKY,用P65和P50抗体证明了NF-κB结合的特异性;同时,LPS诱导VSMC和PDTC抑制LPS诱导的实验表明NF-κB结合活性增强是通过IκB磷酸化而激活。本研究提示核转录因子NF-κB对高血压VSMC异常增殖有重要作用。

**Abstract:** Vascular smooth muscle cells(VSMC) from spontaneously hypertensive rats(SHR) exhibited exaggerated growth as compared with the cells from normotensive Wistar-Kyoto(WKY) by direct cell count in culture. A comparison of nuclear transcription factors Ap1, Ap2, GRE, CREB, Sp1, CTF/NF1, NF-κB binding activity of VSMC between SHR and WKY showed higher CTF/NF1 and NF-κB activity in SHR than WKY. P65 Ab and P50 Ab were used to test the specificity of NF-κB binding. Moreover, LPS induced NF-κB binding of VSMC, and PDTC suppressed LPS-induced NF-κB DNA-binding. So NF-κB may be activated through phosphorylation of IκB. These results suggested nuclear transcription factor NF-κB may contribute to the pathogenesis of proliferation of VSMC in hypertension.

**关键词** [血管平滑肌细胞](#) [核转录因子](#) [NF-κB](#) **Key words** [Vascular smooth muscle cell](#) [Nuclear transcription factor](#) [NF-κB](#)

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### Abstract

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