十一个少数民族红细胞酸性磷酸酶、酯酶D、6-磷酸葡萄糖酸脱氢酶及 谷丙转氨酶的遗传多 态性*

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用淀粉凝胶电泳法对我国十一个少数民族红细胞酸性磷酸酶(AcPB1)、酯酶D(EsD)、6-磷酸葡萄糖酸 ▶加入我的书架 脱氢酶(6-PGD)及谷丙转氨酶(GPT)的遗传多态性进行了研究,共调查了22 72人。研究结果表明:侗、回、 白、土家、苗、彝、藏、满、瑶、哈尼和布依等民族 AcPB1 基因频率依次为0.7835、0.7958、0.8137、0.7750、 0.7624、0.8038、0.8075、0.8035、0.7725、0.6488和0.6896; EsD1基因依次为0.6418、0.7315、0.6005、 0.6025、0.6411、0.64 11、0.6558、0.6305、0.6020、0.6023和0.6368; 6-PGDA基因频率依次为0.9279、 0.9381、0.9387、0.9150、0.9356、0.9014、0.7764、0.8818、0.9851、0.9233和0.9410:GPT1基因 频率依次 为0. 4075、0. 5367、0. 5049、0. 4824、0. 5322、0. 6106、0. 6313、0. 6400、0. 3985 、0. 4930和0. 3976。并对发现▶文章反馈 的变异型进行了讨论。

关键词 红细胞酸性磷酸酶,酯酶D,6-磷酸葡萄糖酸脱氢酶,谷丙转氨酶,遗传多态性

分类号

Genetic Polymorphism of AcP,EsD,6-PGD and GPT in Eleven Ethnic **Groups of China**

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Abstract

The genetic polymorphism of red cell acid phosphatase (Acp), Esterase D(EsD), 6pho sphogluconate Dehydrogenase (6-PGD) and Glutamic pyruvic transaminase (GPT) in el even ethnic groups of China was studied by starch gel eletrophoresis. The results of 2272 testees showed that the gene frequencies of AcPB1 in Dong, Hui, Bai, Tujia, Miao, Yi, Tibetan, Man, Yao, Hani, Buyi, etc. were

0.7835, 0.7958, 0.8137, 0.7750, 0.7624, 0.8038, 0.8075, 0.8035, 0.7725, 0.6488, 0.6896,EsD1 gene frequencies were 0.6418,0.731

5,0.6005,0.6025,0.6411,0.6411,0.6558,0.6305,0.6020,0.6023,0.6368.6-PGDA gene fre quencies

 $0.9\overline{279}, 0.9381, 0.9387, 0.9150, 0.9356, 0.9014, 0.7764, 0.8818, 0.9851, 0.9233, 0.9410.$ GPT1 gene frequencies 0.4075,0.5367,0.5049,0.4824,0.5322,0.6106,0.6313,0.6 400,0.3985,0.4930,0.3976, respectively. In addition, some rare variants were found.

Key words AcP1 EsD 6-PGD GPT genetic polymorphism

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