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Regents Email: vi Building Phone: ! Educa	beth Vierling Professor- Retired Emeri ierling@email.arizona.edu : LSS 352 520-621-1601 ation and Appoir 1982, University of Chicas	ntments 90	Biochem Metabol Nucleic A	ism, Signaling acids and Gen nd Membrane	g, and Regul			
Plant chape Research of molec during m factors of from pro <i>Arabido</i> cerevisia of chape	arch Summary molecular biology erones h in our laboratory is aime cular chaperones/heat sho formal growth and develop other than chaperones that otein structural studies to <i>psis thaliana</i> , the cyanobat ae as model organisms. O erone structure and function esponses and mechanisms	ed at understanding ock proteins, both du oment. In addition, v at are essential for h molecular and quan acterium <i>Synechocys</i> n the structural side on, while at the leve	the mecha uring stres we have ar heat stress titative gen stis PCC680 e our work I of the wh	nism of actio s (primarily h tolerance. O netic analysis 03, and the y is contributin ole organism	n and biolog heat stress) a program to d our research , and utilizes reast <i>Saccha</i> g to basic kr , we are unr	ical roles and lefine extends s <i>romyces</i> nowledge aveling		

stress responses and mechanisms of stress tolerance. These studies involve basic biochemist as well as molecular and transmission genetics. We are also employing microarray genomic techniques and have active collaborations in mass spectrometry and crystallography.

One class of chaperones that are the subject of major research effort is the alpha-crystallin related small (s) HSPs. *In vitro*, sHSPs act as molecular chaperones to prevent the irreversible heat-denaturation of other proteins. *In vivo*, mutations in these proteins in mammals are responsible for certain types of myopathies as well as cataract formation. sHsps also accumulate in specific cancers and in neurodegenerative disease. We are pursuing both biochemical and genetic approaches to investigate further the function and mechanism of chaperone activity of the sHSPs through protein purification and in vitro assays of chaperone activity, as well as genetic analysis to identify and characterize sHsp mutants.

To define other genes involved in stress tolerance, we have a program of both forward and reverse genetics and gene microarray experiments. Using a forward genetic screen for loss-of-thermotolerance we have identified mutants in another class of chaperones important to plants, Hsp101, a member of the AAA+ family of ATPases, which appears to be involved in disassociating protein aggregates accumulated during stress. Other mutants uncovered in this screen are being investigated. By probing Arabidopsis whole genome microarrays we have identified genes associated with acclimation to high temperature, and are now testing their importance using loss-of-function mutants.

Selected Publications

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Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry at The University of Arizona P.O. Box 210041, 1306 East University Blvd., Tucson, AZ 85721-0041 Phone: 520.621.6354 Fax: 520.621.8407

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