

研究报告

## IL-1b基因单核苷酸多态性与腰椎间盘疾病的相关性

叶伟, 马若凡, 苏培强, 黄东生, 刘尚礼, 陈为坚, 王新光

中山大学附属第二医院骨科, 广州 510120

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### 摘要

为研究汉族人白细胞介素-1 $\beta$  (IL-1 $\beta$ ) 基因  $-511T>C$  和  $+3954C>T$ 位点单核苷酸多态性与腰椎间盘疾病的关系, 采用聚合酶链反应技术, 扩增 81 例腰椎间盘疾病患者和 101 例正常对照者中分别包含 IL-1 $\beta$  基因  $-511T>C$  和  $+3954C>T$  位点的片段, 酶切法鉴定 IL-1 $\beta$  基因  $-511T>C$  和  $+3954C>T$  位点单核苷酸多态性情况, 比较两组中基因多态性与腰椎间盘疾病的关系。同时, 利用 MRI 检测两组腰椎间盘退变的情况, 并分析其中小于45岁者 IL-1 $\beta$  基因多态性与腰椎间盘退变严重程度的关系。结果显示, 腰椎间盘疾病病例组及对照组中均存在 IL-1 $\beta$  基因  $-511T>C$  和  $+3954C>T$  位点单核苷酸多态性。IL-1 $\beta$  基因  $-511T>C$  位点 TT、TC 和 CC 基因型, T、C 基因型差别与腰椎间盘疾病有关 ( $P<0.01$ ), 与腰椎间盘退变严重程度无关 ( $P>0.05$ ), 但 IL-1 $\beta$  基因  $+3954C>T$  位点单核苷酸多态性与腰椎间盘退变严重程度及腰椎间盘疾病均无关 ( $P>0.05$ )。表明在汉族人中, 存在 IL-1 $\beta$  基因  $-511T>C$  和  $+3954C>T$  位点单核苷酸多态性, 但仅  $-511T>C$  位点单核苷酸多态性与腰椎间盘疾病有关。

关键词 白细胞介素-1 $\beta$  单核苷酸多态性 椎间盘退变 椎间盘疾病

分类号

## Association of single nucleotide polymorphisms of IL-1 $\beta$ with lumbar disc disease

YE Wei, MA Ruo-Fan, SU Pei-Qiang, HUANG Dong-Sheng, LIU Shang-Li, CHEN Wei-Jian, WANG Xin-Guang

Department of Orthopaedics, the Second Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat sen University, Guangzhou 510120, China

### Abstract

This study was to explore the relationships between  $-511T>C$  and  $+3954C>T$  single nucleotide polymorphisms(SNP) in IL-1 $\beta$  gene with lumbar intervertebral disc disease. We analyzed  $-511T>C$  and  $+3954C>T$  SNP in IL-1 $\beta$  gene by the polymerase chain reaction-restriction fragment length polymorphism and electrophoresis methods respectively in 81 cases with lumbar disc disease and 101 healthy controls. The relationship between

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<SUP>-511</SUP>T>C and <SUP>+3954</SUP>C>T SNP in <I><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: 'Times New Roman'; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">IL-1</SPAN><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: Symbol; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-font-family: 'Times New Roman'; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">b </SPAN></I>gene and lumbar disc disease in two groups was measured, so does the relationship between <SUP>-511</SUP>T>C and <SUP>+3954</SUP>C>T SNP in <I><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: 'Times New Roman'; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">IL-1</SPAN><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: Symbol; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-font-family: 'Times New Roman'; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">b </SPAN></I>gene and intervertebral disc degeneration in those younger than 45-year-old. The results showed there were <SUP>-511</SUP>T>C and <SUP>+3954</SUP>C>T SNP in <I><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: 'Times New Roman'; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">IL-1</SPAN><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: Symbol; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-font-family: 'Times New Roman'; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">b </SPAN></I>gene. There was a significant difference in the distribution of TT, TC and CC genotype or T, C genotype of -511T>C of <I><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: 'Times New Roman'; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">IL-1</SPAN><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: Symbol; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-font-family: 'Times New Roman'; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">b </SPAN></I>in two groups. And there was no significant difference in the distribution of <SUP>+3954</SUP>C>T SNP in <I><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: 'Times New Roman'; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">IL-1</SPAN><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: Symbol; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-font-family: 'Times New Roman'; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">b </SPAN></I>gene in two groups. There was no significant difference between the distribution of <SUP>-511</SUP>T>C and <SUP>+3954</SUP>C>T SNP in <I><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: 'Times New Roman'; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">IL-1</SPAN><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: Symbol; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-font-family: 'Times New Roman'; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">b </SPAN></I>gene and intervertebral disc degeneration in those younger than 45-year-old. It suggested <SUP>-511</SUP>T>C SNP in <I><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: 'Times New Roman'; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">IL-1</SPAN><SPAN lang=EN-US style="FONT-SIZE: 10pt; LAYOUT-GRID-MODE: line; FONT-FAMILY: Symbol; LETTER-SPACING: 0.2pt; mso-bidi-font-size: 12.0pt; mso-fareast-font-family: 方正书宋简体; mso-bidi-font-family: 'Times New Roman'; mso-font-kerning: 1.0pt; mso-ansi-language: EN-US; mso-fareast-language: ZH-CN; mso-bidi-language: AR-SA">b </SPAN></I>gene be one of the susceptible alleles for Lumbar disc disease.</P>

**Key words** [IL-1 \$\beta\$](#)  [single nucleotide polymorphism](#) [lumbar disc disease](#) [lumbar disc degeneration](#)

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通讯作者 黄东生 [huangdongshen18@hotmail.com](mailto:huangdongshen18@hotmail.com)