具有合成核酸活性的多肽 I: C-端去四肽和去六肽核糖核酸酶A及其水解和合成活性

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收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 接受日期

摘要 为寻找一个比天然RNase A分子结构更简单,但较之具有突出的合成活性的核酸酶模型,首先由RNase A出发,从C-端切去不同长度的肽段,获得了比RNase A仅有微弱水解活性但有更强合成活性的C-端去四肽和去六肽核糖核酸酶A(RAI-120和RAI-118)两种降解产物.研究了RAI-120和RAI-118的水解活性和合成活性,得出结论认为RNase的His119对其水解活性是重要但并非必要角色,对其合成活性既非重要又非必要.

 关键词
 分子结构
 水解
 活性
 多肽
 核糖核酸酶
 国家自然科学基金

 分类号
 Q52
 Q55

Study on nucleic acid-synthesizing polypeptides I: C-Terminal destetrapeptido- and deshexapeptido-ribonucleases A and their hydrolytic and synthetic activities WANG YOU,ZHANG WEIJUN,YANG ZAIWAN,SHEN NANZHEN,XU YAOZHONG,ZANG XIUFANG,CHEN YAOQUAN

Abstract C-terminal destetetrapeptido- and deshexapeptido-RNases A (RA1-120 and RA1-118) were prepared from RNase A by peptic digestion and from RA1-120 by limited carboxypeptidase A action, resp. Both RA1-120 and RA1-118 have definite though significantly weaker hydrolytic activities, especially very weak ribonucleoside 2',3'-cyclophosphate hydrolysis activities, but notably higher synthetic activities than those of natural RNase A. At room temperature, the relative initial velocities of the hydrolysis of uridine 2',3'-cyclophosphate (I) by RNase A, RA1-120, and RA1-118 were 100, 2, and 0.7 resp. The relative synthesis activities of RNase A, RA1-120, and RA1-118 at -15?were 100, 120, and 167, when I and 3'-cytidylate were used as substrates and the yields of UpC enzymically synthesized in 24 h at -15?were compared. Thus, histidine 119 of RNase A mol. is important but not necessary for its hydrolytic activity and is neither important nor necessary for its synthetic activity.

 Key words
 MOLECULAR STRUCTURE
 HYDROLYSIS
 ACTIVITY
 POLYPEPTIDE
 RIBONUCLEASE

 NSFC

DOI:

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