海洋物理学

Altimetry-observed semi-annual cycle in the South China Sea: Real signal or alias of K1 tidal error?

Han Guogi

Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Centre, St. John's, NL, A1C 5X1 Canada

收稿日期 2009-4-2 修回日期 2009-7-9 网络版发布日期 2009-11-12 接受日期 2009-11-12

摘要 There have been a number of applications of satellite altimetry to seasonal and interannual sea level variability in the South China Sea. However, these applications usually exclude shallow waters along the coast, with one of the concerns being large aliased tidecorrection error. In this study the authors analyzed 14 years of merged satellite altimeter data to obtain the amplitude and phase of the semi-annual cycle and to examine the variation ▶加入引用管理器 at the K1 alias frequency (close to the semi-annual frequency). The results indicate that the amplitude of the semi-annual cycle ranges from 3-7 cm, substantial compared with that of the annual cycle; while the amplitude at the K1 alias frequency (error of the K1 tidal correction) is essentially 1 cm only. Altimeter-derived semi-annual cycle is in good agreement with that from independent tide-gauge observations, pointing to the competent ability of satellite altimetry in observing semi-annual sea level variations in the South China Sea.

sea level semi-annual cycle satellite altimetry South China Sea 分类号 TP79 P731

DOI:

对应的英文版文章: R2009-103

通讯作者:

guoqi.han@dfo-mpo.gc.ca

作者个人主页:

Han Guogi

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ PDF (1293KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文](OKB)
- ▶ 参考文献[PDF]
- ▶ 参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶引用本文
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

▶ <u>本刊中 包含 "sea level"的 相关</u> 文章

▶本文作者相关文章